UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended

June 30, 2019 OR

30-0971238

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification Number)

10036

(Zip code)

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 001-38122

Safehold Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **1114 Avenue of the Americas**

39th Floor

New York , NY

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 930-9400

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (i) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding twelve months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (ii) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🗵 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	Non-accelerated filer	Smaller reporting company	Emerging growth company
	\boxtimes		\boxtimes	\boxtimes

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Common Stock

Trading Symbol(s)
SAFE

Name of each exchange on which registered
NYSE

As of July 25, 2019, there were 30,937,546 shares, \$0.01 par value per share, of Safehold Inc. common stock outstanding.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
PART I	Consolidated Financial Information	
<u>Item 1.</u>	Financial Statements:	
	Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited) as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018	1
	Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)—For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	<u>2</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)—For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	
		<u>3</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited)—For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	<u>4</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)—For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	<u>6</u>
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	Z
<u>Item 2.</u>	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>26</u>
<u>Item 3.</u>	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>36</u>
<u>Item 4.</u>	Controls and Procedures	<u>36</u>
PART II	Other Information	<u>38</u>
<u>Item 1.</u>	Legal Proceedings	<u>38</u>
<u>Item 1A.</u>	Risk Factors	<u>38</u>
<u>Item 2.</u>	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>38</u>
<u>Item 3.</u>	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	<u>39</u>
<u>Item 4.</u>	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>39</u>
<u>Item 5.</u>	Other Information	<u>39</u>
<u>Item 6.</u>	Exhibits	<u>40</u>
SIGNATURES		<u>41</u>

PART I. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Safehold Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands) (unaudited)

	As	of	
	 June 30, 2019	D	ecember 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Real estate			
Real estate, at cost	\$ 676,503	\$	669,923
Less: accumulated depreciation	(13,271)		(10,257)
Real estate, net	663,232		659,666
Real estate-related intangible assets, net	235,457		262,531
Total real estate, net and real estate-related intangible assets, net	 898,689		922,197
Net investment in leases	159,847		_
Cash and cash equivalents	73,004		16,418
Restricted cash	20,475		8,007
Deferred operating lease income receivable	40,719		23,138
Deferred expenses and other assets, net	40,531		9,983
Total assets	\$ 1,233,265	\$	979,743
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 37,600	\$	20,800
Real estate-related intangible liabilities, net	57,656		57,620
Debt obligations, net	 544,945		543,965
Total liabilities	 640,201		622,385
Commitments and contingencies (refer to Note 8)			
Equity:			
Safehold Inc. shareholders' equity:			
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 400,000 shares authorized, 30,938 and 18,276 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	309		183
Additional paid-in capital	626,793		370,530
Accumulated deficit	(4,926)		(8,486)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(30,341)		(6,876)
Total Safehold Inc. shareholders' equity	 591,835		355,351
Noncontrolling interests	1,229		2,007
Total equity	 593,064		357,358
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,233,265	\$	979,743

Note - Refer to Note 2 for details on the Company's consolidated variable interest entities ("VIEs").

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Safehold Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	(unaudited)				
	For the Th Ended		For the S Ended		
	 2019	 2018	 2019		2018
Revenues:					
Operating lease income	\$ 17,196	\$ 9,861	\$ 37,712	\$	21,141
Interest income from sales-type leases	1,880	—	2,802		—
Other income	 604	 1,713	 986		2,126
Total revenues	 19,680	11,574	41,500		23,267
Costs and expenses:					
Interest expense	5,986	3,376	10,507		6,631
Real estate expense	645	398	1,457		752
Depreciation and amortization	2,343	2,275	4,686		4,546
General and administrative	4,474	3,292	7,456		5,324
Other expense	 290	471	315		510
Total costs and expenses	 13,738	 9,812	 24,421		17,763
Income from operations	5,942	 1,762	17,079		5,504
Net income	 5,942	 1,762	 17,079		5,504
Net income allocable to noncontrolling interests ⁽¹⁾	(1,419)	(59)	(5,937)		(82)
Net income allocable to Safehold Inc. common shareholders	\$ 4,523	\$ 1,703	\$ 11,142	\$	5,422
Per common share data:					
Net income					
Basic	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.51	\$	0.30
Diluted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.51	\$	0.30
Weighted average number of common shares:					
Basic	25,640	18,191	22,001		18,191
Diluted	25,640	18,191	22,001		18,191

(1) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, includes \$1.4 million and \$5.8 million, respectively, of income allocable to the Company's Manager relating to Investor Units it held in the Operating Partnership (refer to Note 10).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Safehold Inc. Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (In thousands) (unaudited)

	For the Th Ended		For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2019 2018		 2019		2018	
Net income	\$ 5,942	\$	1,762	\$ 17,079	\$	5,504
Other comprehensive income:						
Cumulative-effect adjustment for cash flow hedges	_			_		41
Reclassification of gains on derivatives into earnings	(13)		(47)	(235)		(22)
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives	(12,168)		2,377	(23,230)		6,002
Other comprehensive income (loss)	 (12,181)		2,330	 (23,465)		6,021
Comprehensive income (loss)	 (6,239)		4,092	 (6,386)		11,525
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(2,336)		(59)	(2,279)		(82)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Safehold Inc.	\$ (8,575)	\$	4,033	\$ (8,665)	\$	11,443

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Safehold Inc. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (In thousands) (unaudited)

	St	mmon ock at Par	Additional Paid-In Capital	 Retained Earnings (Deficit)	С	Accumulated Other comprehensive ncome (Loss)	 Noncontrolling Interests	 Total Equity
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$	183	\$ 372,093	\$ (4,619)	\$	(10,793)	\$ 244,546	\$ 601,410
Net income		_	_	4,523		_	1,419	5,942
Issuance of common stock, net / amortization		1	2,640	_		_	90	2,731
Investor unit conversion (refer to Note 10)		125	252,060	_		(6,450)	(245,735)	_
Dividends declared (\$0.156 per share)		_	_	(4,830)		_	_	(4,830)
Change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		_	_	_		(13,098)	917	(12,181)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		_	 _	 			(8)	 (8)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	309	\$ 626,793	\$ (4,926)	\$	(30,341)	\$ 1,229	\$ 593,064
Balance as of March 31, 2018	\$	182	\$ 366,227	\$ (8,296)	\$	3,770	\$ 1,773	\$ 363,656
Net income		_	_	1,703		_	59	1,762
Contributions from iStar Inc.		_	1,273	_		_	_	1,273
Offering costs		_	1,347	_		_	_	1,347
Issuance of common stock / amortization		_	765	_		_	_	765
Dividends declared (\$0.15 per share)		_	_	(2,735)		_	_	(2,735)
Change in accumulated other comprehensive income		_	—	—		2,331	_	2,331
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		_	_	_		_	(27)	(27)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	182	\$ 369,612	\$ (9,328)	\$	6,101	\$ 1,805	\$ 368,372

Safehold Inc. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (In thousands) (unaudited)

	Common Stock at Par				Earnings		Other Comprehensive		Noncontrolling Interests		Total Equity	
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$	183	\$	370,530	\$	(8,486)	\$	(6,876)	\$	2,007	\$	357,358
Net income		—		—		11,142		—		5,937		17,079
Issuance of common stock, net / amortization		1		3,575		_		_		174		3,750
Investor unit conversion (refer to Note 10)		125		252,060		—		(6,450)		(245,735)		—
Dividends declared (\$0.306 per share)		_		_		(7,582)		_		—		(7,582)
Change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		_		_		_		(19,807)		(3,658)		(23,465)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests		_		628		—		2,792		245,426		248,846
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		_		—		_		_		(2,922)		(2,922)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	309	\$	626,793	\$	(4,926)	\$	(30,341)	\$	1,229	\$	593,064
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$	182	\$	364,919	\$	(9,246)	\$	80	\$	_	\$	355,935
Net income		—		_		5,422		_		82		5,504
Contributions from iStar Inc.		_		2,581		—		_		—		2,581
Offering costs		_		1,347		_		_		_		1,347
Issuance of common stock / amortization		_		765		_		_		_		765
Dividends declared (\$0.30 per share)		_		_		(5,463)		_		_		(5,463)
Cumulative-effect adjustment for cash flow hedges		_		_		(41)		41		_		_
Change in accumulated other comprehensive income		_		_		_		5,980		_		5,980
Contributions from noncontrolling interests net of costs		_		_		_		_		1,750		1,750
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		_		_		_		_		(27)		(27)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$	182	\$	369,612	\$	(9,328)	\$	6,101	\$	1,805	\$	368,372

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Safehold Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (unaudited)

For the Six Months Ended June 30,

	Ended	June 30,
	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 17,079	\$ 5,504
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	4,686	4,546
Stock-based compensation expense	1,318	765
Deferred operating lease income	(17,581)	(6,602)
Non-cash interest income from sales-type leases	(916)	_
Amortization of real estate-related intangibles, net	1,216	1,017
Amortization of premium, discount and deferred financing costs on debt obligations, net	1,084	710
Other operating activities	628	2,573
Changes in assets and liabilities:		_,
Changes in deferred expenses and other assets, net	722	(1,307)
Changes in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(9,658)	1,350
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,422)	8,556
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions of real estate	(6,809)	(132,444)
Origination/acquisition of sales-type leases	(149,018)	_
Deposits on ground lease investments	(3,200)	(5,143)
Other investing activities	143	145
Cash flows used in investing activities	(158,884)	(137,442)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from debt obligations	218,625	_
Repayments of debt obligations	(226,500)	_
Payments for deferred financing costs	(1,631)	(319)
Dividends paid to common shareholders	(5,489)	(5,457)
Payment of costs for sale of noncontrolling interest	(761)	_
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(2,922)	(21)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests (refer to Note 10)	250,000	1,750
Other financing	(1,962)	(175)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	229,360	(4,222)
Changes in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	69,054	(133,108)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	24,425	169,870
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 93,479	\$ 36,762
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activity:		
Contribution from iStar Inc.	\$ —	\$ 2,581
Origination of sales-type leases	10,194	_
Assumption of debt obligations	10,194	_
Investor unit conversion (refer to Note 10)	250,000	_
Dividends declared to common shareholders	4,834	2,735
Distribution declared to noncontrolling interest		6
Accrued finance costs	510	93
Offering costs	_	(1,104)
		(-,101)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

Note 1—Business and Organization

Business—Safehold Inc. (the "Company"), formerly known as Safety, Income & Growth Inc., operates its business through one reportable segment by acquiring, managing and capitalizing ground leases. Ground leases are long-term contracts between the landlord (the Company) and a tenant or leaseholder. The Company believes that it is the first publicly-traded company formed primarily to acquire, own, manage, finance and capitalize ground leases. Ground leases generally represent ownership of the land underlying commercial real estate projects that is net leased by the fee owner of the land to the owners/operators of the real estate projects built thereon ("Ground Leases"). Ground Leases are similar to "triple net" leases because the tenant is generally responsible for all property operating expensions, such as maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance and is also responsible for development costs and capital expenditures. Ground Leases are typically long-term (base terms ranging from 30 to 99 years, often with tenant renewal options) and have contractual base rent increases (either at a specified percentage or consumer price index ("CPI") based, or both) and sometimes include percentage rent participations.

The Company intends to target investments in long-term Ground Leases in which: (i) the cost of its Ground Lease represents 30% to 45% of the combined value of the land and buildings and improvements thereon as if there was no Ground Lease on the land ("Combined Property Value"); (ii) the ratio of underlying property net operating income to the Ground Lease payment due the Company ("Ground Rent Coverage") is between 2.0x to 5.0x; and (iii) the Ground Lease contains contractual rent escalation clauses or percentage rent that participates in gross revenues generated by the commercial real estate on the land. A Ground Lease on account of such default. The Company believes that the Ground Lease structure provides an opportunity for potential value accretion through the reversion to the Company, as the Ground Lease owner, of the buildings and improvements on the land at the expiration or earlier termination of the lease, for no additional consideration from the Company.

The Company is managed by SFTY Manager, LLC (the "Manager"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of iStar Inc. ("iStar"), the Company's largest shareholder, pursuant to a management agreement (refer to Note 12). The Company has no employees, as the Manager provides all services to it. The Company draws on the extensive investment origination and sourcing platform of its Manager to actively promote the benefits of the Ground Lease structure to prospective Ground Lease tenants.

Organization—The Company is a Maryland corporation and completed its initial public offering in June 2017. The Company's common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "SAFE." The Company's predecessor ("Original Safety" or the "Predecessor") was formed as a wholly-owned subsidiary of iStar on October 24, 2016. iStar contributed a preexisting portfolio of Ground Leases to Original Safety and sought third party capital to grow its Ground Lease business. A second entity, SIGI Acquisition, Inc. ("SIGI"), was capitalized on April 14, 2017 by iStar and two institutional investors. On April 14, 2017, Original Safety merged with and into SIGI with SIGI surviving the merger and being renamed Safety, Income & Growth Inc. (which was subsequently renamed to Safehold Inc.). References herein to the Company refer to Original Safety before such merger and to the surviving company of such merger thereafter.

On June 27, 2017, the Company completed its initial public offering raising \$205.0 million in gross proceeds and concurrently completed a \$45.0 million private placement with iStar, its largest shareholder. The price per share paid in the initial public offering and the private placement was \$20.00.

The Company elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for U.S. federal income tax purposes, commencing with the tax year ended December 31, 2017. The Company is structured as an Umbrella Partnership REIT ("UPREIT"). As such, all of the Company's properties are owned through a subsidiary partnership, Safehold Operating Partnership LP (the "Operating Partnership"). As of June 30, 2019, the Company owned 100% of the limited partner interests and a subsidiary of the Company owned 100% of the general partner interests, in the Operating Partnership. The UPREIT structure may afford the Company certain benefits as it seeks to acquire properties from third parties who may want to defer taxes by contributing their Ground Leases to the Company.

Note 2-Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Basis of Presentation—The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10-01 of Regulation S-X for interim financial statements. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

("GAAP") for complete financial statements. These unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated and combined financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 (the "2018 Annual Report").

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments consisting of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Such operating results may not be indicative of the expected results for any other interim periods or the entire year.

Principles of Consolidation—The consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiaries and VIEs for which the Company is the primary beneficiary. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Consolidated VIEs—The Company consolidates VIEs for which it is considered the primary beneficiary. As of June 30, 2019, the total assets of these consolidated VIEs were \$56.3 million and total liabilities were \$29.5 million. The classifications of these assets are primarily within "Real estate, net," "Real estate-related intangible assets, net" and "Deferred operating lease income receivable" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The classifications of liabilities are primarily within "Debt obligations, net" and "Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The liabilities of these VIEs are non-recourse to the Company and can only be satisfied from each VIE's respective assets. The Company has provided no financial support to VIEs that it was not previously contractually required to provide and did not have any unfunded commitments related to consolidated VIEs as of June 30, 2019.

Note 3—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following paragraphs describe the impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements from the adoption of Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs") on January 1, 2019.

ASU 2016-02 and ASU 2018-11—ASU 2016-02, Leases ("ASU 2016-02") resulted in the Company, as lessor, recognizing certain of its Ground Leases as sales-type leases and recording the Ground Lease as "Net investment in leases" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets (refer to Note 5). For the Company's Ground Leases which qualify as sales-type leases, the Company records "Interest income from sales-type leases" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The amount recorded as interest income from sales-type leases in any given period will likely be different than the straight-line ground lease income that would have been recorded under the superseded guidance.

ASU 2016-02 also required the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities by the Company as lessee for those leases classified as operating or finance leases, both measured at the present value of the lease payments (refer to Note 6). As of December 31, 2018, the Company was party to a Ground Lease and obligated to pay the owner of the property \$0.4 million, subject to adjustment for changes in the CPI, per year through 2044; however, the Company's tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease. As lessee under the Ground Lease, the Company recognizes a single lease cost, calculated on a straight-line basis, in "Real estate expense" and an offsetting amount in "Other income" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. In addition, the Company reclassified a below-market lease aset acquired as part of a business combination from "Real estate-related intangible assets, net" (refer to note 4) to "Deferred expenses and other assets, net" (refer to Note 6) on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Management elected the practical expedient package that allowed the Company: (a) to not reassess whether any expired or existing contracts entered into prior to January 1, 2019 are or contain leases; (b) to not reassess the lease classification for any expired or existing leases entered into prior to January 1, 2019; and (c) to not reassess initial direct costs for any expired or existing leases entered into prior to January 1, 2019.

ASU 2018-11, Leases amended ASU 2016-02 so that: (i) entities could elect to not recast the comparative periods presented when transitioning to ASC 842 by allowing entities to change their initial application to the beginning of the period of adoption with a cumulative effect adjustment to equity; and (ii) provided lessors with a practical expedient to not separate non-lease

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

components from the associated lease component of the contractual payments if certain conditions are met. Management elected both of these provisions.

ASU 2018-16—ASU 2018-16, Derivatives and Hedging: Inclusion of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") Overnight Index Swap ("OIS") Rate as a Benchmark Interest Rate for Hedge Accounting Purposes expands the list of U.S. benchmark interest rates permitted in the application of hedge accounting by adding the OIS rate based on SOFR as an eligible benchmark interest rate. The adoption of ASU 2018-16 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Significant Accounting Policies

Net Investment in Leases—Net investment in leases are recognized when the Company's Ground Leases qualify as sales-type leases. The net investment in leases is initially measured at the present value of the fixed and determinable lease payments, including any guaranteed or unguaranteed residual value of the asset at the end of the lease, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease. For newly originated or acquired Ground Leases, the Company's estimate of residual value equals the fair value of the land at lease commencement.

Interest Income from Sales-type Leases—Interest income from sales-type leases is recognized under the effective interest method. The effective interest method produces a constant yield on the net investment in the lease over the term of the lease. Rent payments that are not fixed and determinable at lease inception, such as percentage rent and CPI adjustments, are not included in the effective interest method calculation and are recognized in "Interest income from sales-type leases" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations in the period earned.

Fair Values—The Company is required to disclose fair value information with regard to its financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheets, for which it is practical to estimate fair value. The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company determines the estimated fair values of financial assets and liabilities based on a hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company and the Company's own assumptions about market participant assumptions. The Company determined the carrying values of its cash and cash equivalents; net investment in leases; restricted cash; deferred operating lease income receivable; deferred expenses and other assets, net; and accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities approximated their fair values. The Company determined the fair value of its debt obligations, net as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 was approximately \$582.1 million and \$537.8 million, respectively, and falls within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Restricted Cash— The following table provides a reconciliation of the cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported in the Company's consolidated balance sheets that total to the same amount as reported in the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows (in thousands):

					June 30,		
	Jur	ie 30, 2019	December 31, 2018 2018		D	ecember 31, 2017	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	73,004	\$	16,418	\$ 35,805	\$	168,214
Restricted cash ⁽¹⁾		20,475		8,007	957		1,656
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported in the consolidated statements of cash flows	\$	93,479	\$	24,425	\$ 36,762	\$	169,870

(1) Restricted cash includes cash balances required to be maintained under certain of the Company's derivative transactions.

Other—The Company is an "emerging growth company" as defined in the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") and is eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other publicly-traded companies that are not "emerging growth companies," including not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. The Company has elected to utilize the exemption for auditor attestation requirements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

In addition, the JOBS Act provides that an "emerging growth company" can take advantage of the extended transition period provided in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, for complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. However, the Company has chosen to "opt out" of this extended transition period, and as a result, it will comply with new or revised accounting standards on the relevant dates on which adoption of such standards is required for all public companies that are not emerging growth companies. The Company's decision to opt out of the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards is irrevocable.

The Company will remain an "emerging growth company" until the earliest to occur of: (i) the last day of the fiscal year during which our total annual revenue equals or exceeds \$1.07 billion (subject to adjustment for inflation); (ii) the last day of the fiscal year following the fifth anniversary of the Company's initial public offering; (iii) the date on which the Company has, during the previous three-year period, issued more than \$1.0 billion in non-convertible debt; or (iv) the date on which the Company is deemed to be a "large accelerated filer" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

For the remainder of the Company's significant accounting policies, refer to the Company's 2018 Annual Report.

New Accounting Pronouncements—In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("ASU 2016-13") which was issued to provide financial statement users with more decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments held by a reporting entity. This amendment replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. ASU 2016-13 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Management is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2016-13 on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In May 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-04, Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments ("ASU 2019-04") to clarify certain accounting topics from previously issued ASUs, including ASU 2016-13. ASU 2019-04 addresses certain aspects of ASU 2016-13, including but not limited to, accrued interest receivable, loan recoveries, interest rate projections for variable-rate financial instruments and expected prepayments. ASU 2019-04 provides alternatives that allow entities to measure credit losses on accrued interest separate from credit losses on the principal portion of a loan, clarifies that entities should include expected recoveries in the measurement of credit losses, allows entities to consider future interest rates when measuring credit losses and can elect to adjust effective interest rates used to discount expected and flows for expected loan prepayments. ASU 2019-04 is effective upon the adoption of ASU 2016-13. Management is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2019-04 on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Note 4—Real Estate and Real Estate-Related Intangibles

The Company's real estate assets consist of the following (\$ in thousands):

	As of					
	Jı	December 31, 2018				
Land and land improvements, at cost	\$	483,271	\$	477,527		
Buildings and improvements, at cost		193,232		192,396		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(13,271)		(10,257)		
Total real estate, net	\$	663,232	\$	659,666		
Real estate-related intangible assets, net		235,457		262,531		
Total real estate, net and real estate-related intangible assets, net	\$	898,689	\$	922,197		

Real estate-related intangible assets, net consist of the following items (\$ in thousands):

		A	s of June 30, 2019	
	 Gross Intangible		Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Value
Above-market lease assets, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 193,249	\$	(4,572)	\$ 188,677
In-place lease assets, net ⁽²⁾	52,996		(6,955)	46,041
Other intangible assets, net	750		(11)	739
Total	\$ 246,995	\$	(11,538)	\$ 235,457
		As o	of December 31, 2018	
	Gross Intangible		Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Value
Above-market lease assets, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 193,249	\$	(3,040)	\$ 190,209
In-place lease assets, net ⁽²⁾	52,071		(5,288)	46,783
Below-market lease asset, net ⁽³⁾	26,484		(1,688)	24,796
Other intangible assets, net	750		(7)	743
Total	\$ 272,554	\$	(10,023)	\$ 262,531

(1) Above-market lease assets are recognized during business combinations and asset acquisitions when the present value of market rate rental cash flows over the term of a lease is less than the present value of the contractual in-place rental

(2) (3)

Above-market lease assets are recognized during business combinations and asset acquisitions when the present value of market rate rental cash flows over the term of a lease is less than the present value of the contractual in-place lease. In-place lease assets are recognized during business combinations and asset acquisitions and are estimated based on the value associated with the costs avoided in originating leases comparable to the acquired in-place leases as well as the value associated with lost rental revenue during the assumed lease-up period. In-place lease assets are amortized over the term of the leases. Below-market lease asset, net resulted from the acquisition of the initial portfolio from iStar and relates to a property that is majority-owned by a third party and is ground leased to the Company. The Company is obligated to pay the owner of the property \$0.4 million, subject to adjustment for changes in the CPI, per year through 2044; however, the Company's tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease. The below-market lease asset, net resulted to "Deferred expenses and other assets, net" on the Company's consolidated balance sheet (refer to Note 3).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

The amortization of real estate-related intangible assets had the following impact on the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands):

	Income Statement	For the Three Months Ended June 3				
Intangible asset	Location	2019		2018		
Above-market lease assets (decrease to income)	Operating lease income	\$ (766)	\$	(454)		
In-place lease assets (decrease to income)	Depreciation and amortization	833		774		
Below-market lease asset (decrease to income)	Real estate expense	_		247		
Other intangible assets (decrease to income)	Operating lease income	(2)		(2)		
	Income Statement	For the Six Month	s Ended Jur	ne 30,		
Intangible asset	Income Statement Location	For the Six Month 2019	s Ended Jur	ne 30, 2018		
Intangible asset Above-market lease assets (decrease to income)		\$	s Ended Jun	/		
5	Location	\$ 2019		2018		
Above-market lease assets (decrease to income)	Location Operating lease income	\$ 2019 (1,532)		2018 (829)		

The estimated expense from the amortization of real estate-related intangible assets for each of the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows (\$ in thousands):⁽¹⁾

Year	A	nount
2019 (remaining six months)	\$	3,208
2020		6,416
2021		6,416
2022		6,416
2023		6,416

(1) As of June 30, 2019, the weighted average amortization period for the Company's real estate-related intangible assets was approximately 82 years.

Below-market lease liabilities (increase to income)

Safehold Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Real estate-related intangible liabilities, net consist of the following items (\$ in thousands):⁽¹⁾

	As of June 30, 2019							
	 Gross Ad Intangible D			Carrying Value				
Below-market lease liabilities ⁽¹⁾	\$ 59,015	\$ (1,359	\$	57,656				
	As of December 31, 2018							
	Gross Accumulated Intangible Depreciation			Carrying Value				
Below-market lease liabilities ⁽¹⁾	\$ 58,660	\$ (1,040	\$	57,620				

(1) Below-market lease liabilities are recognized during business combinations and asset acquisitions when the present value of market rate rental cash flows over the term of a lease exceeds the present value of the contractual in-place rental cash flows. Below-market lease liabilities are amortized over the term of the leases.

The amortization of real estate-related intangible liabilities had the following impact on the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands):

	Income Statement	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				
Intangible liability	Location		2019	2018		
Below-market lease liabilities (increase to income)	Operating lease income	\$	160	\$	155	
	Income Statement		For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
Intangible liability	Location		2019	2018	8	

Future Minimum Operating Lease Payments—Future minimum lease payments to be collected under non-cancelable operating leases, excluding lease payments that are not fixed and determinable, in effect as of June 30, 2019, are as follows by year (\$ in thousands):

Operating lease income

\$

320 \$

310

Year	Inflation- Linked	Fixed Bumps with Inflation Adjustments		Fixed Bumps		Percentage Rent		Fixed Bumps with Percentage Rent		Total
2019 (remaining six months)	\$ 2,678	\$	8,521	\$	1,048	\$	5,260	\$	178	\$ 17,685
2020	5,357		17,276		2,117		10,519		356	35,625
2021	5,357		17,577		2,155		10,519		356	35,964
2022	5,357		17,884		2,185		10,519		356	36,301
2023	5,357		18,333		2,213		10,519		281	36,703

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Note 5-Net Investment in Leases

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016-02 and ASU 2018-11. As a result of the adoption of ASU 2016-02, the Company, as lessor, classifies certain Ground Leases entered into or acquired subsequent to December 31, 2018 as sales-type leases and records the leases within "Net investment in leases" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets and records "Interest income from sales-type leases" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations (refer to Note 3).

The following table presents a rollforward of the Company's net investment in leases for the six months ended June 30, 2019 (\$ in thousands):

Beginning balance ⁽¹⁾	\$ —
Origination/acquisition of sales-type leases ⁽²⁾	158,931
Accretion (amortization) of sales-type leases ⁽³⁾	916
Ending balance	\$ 159,847

The Company elected a provision provided by ASU 2018-11 that allowed entities to not recast the comparative periods presented when transitioning to ASC 842 by allowing entities to change their initial application to the beginning of the period of adoption. As a result, the Company did not have any adjustments to its financial statements as of or prior to December 31, 2018. The net investment in leases is initially measured at the present value of the fixed and determinable lease payments, including any guaranteed or unguaranteed residual value of the asset at the end of the lease, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease. For newly originated or acquired Ground Leases, the Company's estimate of residual value equals the fair value of the last commencement. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recognized \$1.3 million and \$1.9 million of cash interest income from sales-type leases in its consolidated statements of operations. (1)

(2) (3)

Future Minimum Lease Payments under Sales-type Leases-Future minimum lease payments to be collected under sales-type leases, excluding lease payments that are not fixed and determinable, in effect as of June 30, 2019, are as follows by year (\$ in thousands):

Year	Fixed Bumps with Inflation Adjustments	Fixed Bumps with Percentage Rent	Total
2019 (remaining six months)	\$ 2,819	\$ 266	\$ 3,085
2020	6,798	532	7,330
2021	7,537	532	8,069
2022	8,096	537	8,633
2023	8,295	586	8,881
Thereafter	2,286,940	102,420	2,389,360

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Note 6-Deferred Expenses and Other Assets, Net and Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

Deferred expenses and other assets, net, consist of the following items (\$ in thousands):

		As of					
	June	December 31, 2018					
Operating lease right-of-use asset ⁽¹⁾	\$	30,211	\$	_			
Purchase deposits		5,000		1,800			
Deferred finance costs, net ⁽²⁾		1,645		2,295			
Other assets ⁽³⁾		3,166		2,416			
Leasing costs, net		477		481			
Interest rate hedge assets		32		2,991			
Deferred expenses and other assets, net	\$	40,531	\$	9,983			

Operating lease right-of-use asset relates to a property that is majority-owned by a third party and is ground leased to the Company. The Company is obligated to pay the owner of the property \$0.4 million, subject to adjustment for changes in the CPI, per year through 2044; however, the Company's ground lease tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease. Operating lease right-of-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease and is recorded in "Real estate expense" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations (refer to Note 3). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company conspilated statements of operatively, in "Other income" from its operating lease right-of-use asset. The related operating lease liability (see table below) equals the present value of the minimum rental payments due under the lease discounted at the Company's incremental secured borrowing rate for a similar asset estimated to be 5.5%. Effective with the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019, the Company's company's incremental secured borrowing rate for a similar asset estimated to be 5.5%. Effective with the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019, the Company's company's incremental secured borrowing rate for a similar asset estimated to be 5.5%. Effective with the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019, the Company's company's incremental secured borrowing rate for a similar asset estimated to be 5.5%. Effective with the adoption of ASU 2016-02 on January 1, 2019, the Company's incremental balance of borrowing to a below-market lease asset, net" on the Company's network asset. The related balance of borrowing the balance of balance (1)consolidated balance sheets.

(2) (3)

Accumulated amortization of deferred finance costs was \$2.5 million and \$1.7 million as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recognized \$0.3 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, of percentage rent in "Operating lease income" in the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities consist of the following items (\$ in thousands):

		As of					
	June 3	Decem	December 31, 2018				
Interest rate hedge liabilities	\$	19,348	\$	10,092			
Operating lease liability		5,909		—			
Dividends declared and payable		4,834		2,741			
Other liabilities ⁽¹⁾		2,353		1,788			
Accrued expenses ⁽²⁾		1,867		3,596			
Interest payable		1,750		1,663			
Management fee payable		1,539		920			
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	37,600	\$	20,800			

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, other liabilities includes \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, due to the Manager for allocated payroll costs and costs it paid on the Company's behalf. (1)(2)As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, accrued expenses primarily includes accrued legal expenses, audit expenses and deferred finance costs

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Note 7—Debt Obligations, net

The Company's outstanding debt obligations consist of the following (\$ in thousands):

	As of				Interest	Scheduled	
	June 3	0, 2019		December 31, 2018	Rate ⁽¹⁾	Maturity Date ⁽²⁾	
Secured credit financing:							
Mortgages	\$	553,693	\$	377,193	3.99%	January 2023 to July 2049	
					One-Month LIBOR plus		
2017 Revolver				169,500	1.35%	June 2022	
Total secured credit financing		553,693		546,693			
Total debt obligations		553,693		546,693			
Debt premium, discount and deferred financing costs, net		(8,748)		(2,728)			
Total debt obligations, net	\$	544,945	\$	543,965			

Represents the weighted average interest rate and excludes the effect of debt premium, discount and deferred financing costs. (1)(2)

Represents the extended maturity date for all debt obligations

Mortgages—Mortgages consist of asset specific non-recourse borrowings that are secured by the Company's Ground Leases. As of June 30, 2019, the Company's mortgages are full term interest only, bear interest at a weighted average interest rate of 3.99% and mature from January 2023 to July 2049.

2017 Revolver—In June 2017, the Company entered into a recourse senior secured revolving credit facility with a group of lenders in the maximum aggregate initial original principal amount of up to \$300.0 million (the "2017 Revolver"). The 2017 Revolver provides an accordion feature to increase, subject to certain conditions, the maximum availability up to \$500.0 million. In July 2018, the Company added an additional lender to the 2017 Revolver bringing total capacity for the 2017 Revolver to \$350.0 million. The 2017 Revolver has an initial maturity of June 2020 with two 12-month extension options exercisable by the Company, subject to certain conditions, and bears interest at an annual rate of applicable LIBOR plus 1.35%. An undrawn credit facility commitment fee ranges from 0.15% to 0.25%, based on utilization each quarter. This fee was waived for the first six months after the closing date of June 27, 2017. The 2017 Revolver allows the Company to leverage Ground Leases up to a maximum of 67.0%. As of June 30, 2019, there was \$350.0 million of undrawn capacity on the 2017 Revolver and the Company had the ability to draw an additional \$40.7 million without pledging any additional assets to the facility.

Debt Covenants—The Company is subject to financial covenants under the 2017 Revolver, including maintaining; (i) a limitation on total consolidated leverage of not more than 70%, or 75% for no more than 180 days, of the Company's total consolidated assets; (ii) a consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio of at least 1.45x; (iii) a consolidated tangible net worth of at least 75% of the Company's tangible net worth at the date of the 2017 Revolver plus 75% of future issuances of net equity; (iv) a consolidated secured leverage ratio of not more than 70%, or 75% for no more than 180 days, of the Company's total consolidated assets; and (v) a secured recourse debt ratio of not more than 5.0% of the Company's total consolidated assets (exclusive of amounts drawn on this facility). Additionally, the 2017 Revolver restricts the Company's ability to pay distributions to its shareholders. The Company will be permitted to make annual distributions up to an amount equal to 110% of the Company's adjusted funds from operations, as calculated in accordance with the 2017 Revolver. In addition, the Company may make distributions to the extent necessary to maintain the Company's qualification as a REIT. The Company's other debt obligations contain no significant maintenance or ongoing financial covenants. As of June 30, 2019, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Future Scheduled Maturities—As of June 30, 2019, future scheduled maturities of outstanding debt obligations, assuming all extensions that can be exercised at the Company's option, are as follows (\$ in thousands):

2019 (remaining six months)	\$ _
2020	_
2021	—
2022	_
2023 (refer to Note 13)	71,000
Thereafter	482,693
Total principal maturities	 553,693
Debt premium, discount and deferred financing costs, net	(8,748)
Total debt obligations, net	\$ 544,945

Note 8—Commitments and Contingencies

Unfunded Commitments—In October 2017, the Company entered into a purchase agreement to acquire land subject to a Ground Lease on which a luxury multi-family project is currently being constructed in San Jose, California. Pursuant to the purchase agreement, the Company will acquire the Ground Lease on November 1, 2020 from iStar for \$34.0 million. iStar committed to provide a \$80.5 million construction loan to the ground lessee. The Ground Lease expires in 2116. This transaction was approved by the Company's independent directors in accordance with the Company's policy with respect to transactions in which iStar is also a participant.

In August 2018, the Company entered into an aggregate \$30.0 million commitment to acquire land for \$12.5 million and provide a \$17.5 million leasehold improvement allowance for the Ground Lease tenant's construction of a multi-family property in Washington, DC. The Company acquired the land in June 2019 and will fund the leasehold improvement allowance upon the completion of certain conditions.

In January 2019, the Company acquired land for \$13.0 million and simultaneously structured and entered into a Ground Lease as part of the Ground Lease tenant's acquisition of an existing office building located in Washington, DC that is to be converted into a multi-family building. The Company committed to provide the Ground Lease tenant a \$10.5 million leasehold improvement allowance that will be funded upon the completion of certain conditions.

In June 2019, the Company acquired land for \$8.1 million and simultaneously structured and entered into a Ground Lease as part of the Ground Lease tenant's development of a to-be-built multi-family community located outside of Orlando, FL. The Company committed to provide the Ground Lease tenant a \$21.4 million leasehold improvement allowance that will be funded upon the completion of certain conditions.

Legal Proceedings—The Company evaluates developments in legal proceedings that could require a liability to be accrued and/or disclosed. Based on its current knowledge, and after consultation with legal counsel, the Company believes it is not a party to, nor are any of its properties the subject of, any pending legal proceeding that would have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 9—Risk Management and Derivatives

In the normal course of its ongoing business operations, the Company encounters credit risk. Credit risk is the risk of default on the Company's leases that result from a tenant's inability or unwillingness to make contractually required payments.

Risk concentrations—Concentrations of credit risks arise when the Company has multiple leases with a particular tenant or credit party, or a number of the Company's tenants are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features, such that their ability to meet contractual obligations, including those to the Company, could be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions.

Although the Company's Ground Leases are geographically diverse and the tenants operate in a variety of industries and property types, to the extent the Company has a significant concentration of operating lease income from any tenant, the inability

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

of that tenant to make its payment could have a material adverse effect on the Company. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company's largest tenant accounted for approximately \$8.8 million, or 21.1%, of the Company's revenues.

The gross carrying value of five hotels leased by the Company under a master lease guaranteed by Park Intermediate Holdings LLC represented 15.8% of the Company's total assets as of June 30, 2019. Park Intermediate Holdings LLC is a subsidiary of Park Hotels & Resorts Inc., which is a public reporting company. According to Park Hotels & Resorts Inc.'s public Securities and Exchange Commission filings, Park Hotels & Resorts Inc. conducts substantially all of its business and holds substantially all of its assets through Park Intermediate Holdings LLC. For detailed financial information regarding Park Hotels & Resorts Inc., please refer to its financial statements, which are publicly available on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission at http://www.sec.gov.

Derivative instruments and hedging activity—The Company's use of derivative financial instruments is associated with debt issuances and primarily limited to the utilization of interest rate swaps, interest rate caps or other instruments to manage interest rate risk exposure. The Company does not enter into derivatives for trading purposes.

The Company recognizes derivatives as either assets or liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets at fair value. Interest rate hedge assets are recorded in "Deferred expenses and other assets, net" and interest rate hedge liabilities are recorded in "Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. If certain conditions are met, a derivative may be specifically designated as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability, a hedge of a forecasted transaction or the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability.

For the Company's derivatives designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and subsequently reclassified into interest expense in the same periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on the Company's debt. The Company is hedging its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions over a maximum period of 30 months (excluding forecasted transactions related to the payment of variable interest on existing financial instruments).

For the Company's derivatives not designated as hedges, the changes in the fair value of the derivatives are reported in "Interest expense" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Derivatives not designated as hedges are not speculative and are used to manage the Company's exposure to interest rate movements and other identified risks but do not meet the strict hedge accounting requirements.

(1)

Safehold Inc.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

The table below presents the Company's derivatives as well as their classification on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 (\$ in thousands):

	J	une 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		_
Derivative Type		Fair	/alue ⁽²⁾		Balance Sheet Location
Assets					
Interest rate swaps	\$	32	\$	2,987	Deferred expenses and other assets, net
Interest rate cap ⁽³⁾		_		4	Deferred expenses and other assets, net
	\$	32	\$	2,991	
Liabilities					
Interest rate swaps	\$	19,348	\$	10,092	Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities
	\$	19,348	\$	10,092	

(1)

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$(12.2) million and \$2.4 million, respectively, of unrealized gains (losses) in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$(23.2) million and \$6.0 million, respectively, of unrealized gains (losses) in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). The fair value of the Company's derivatives are based upon widely accepted valuation techniques utilized by a third-party specialist using observable inputs such as interest rates and contractual cash flow and are classified as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy. Over the next 12 months, the Company expects that \$1.4 million related to cash flow hedges will be reclassified from "Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)" as an increase to interest expense. (2)

(3) This derivative is not designated in a hedging relationship

Credit Risk-Related Contingent Features—The Company reports derivative instruments on a gross basis in its consolidated financial statements. The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision whereby if the Company either defaults or is capable of being declared in default on any of its indebtedness, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations. In connection with its interest rate derivatives which were in a liability position as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company posted cash collateral of \$20.4 million and \$8.0 million, respectively, which is included in "Restricted cash" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company would not have been required to post any additional collateral to settle these contracts had the Company been declared in default on its derivative obligations.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

The tables below present the effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments in the consolidated statements of operations and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands):

Derivatives Designated in Hedging Relationships	Location of Gain (Loss) When Recognized in Income	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Earnings		
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$	(12,168)	\$	13	
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$	2,377	\$	47	
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$	(23,230)	\$	235	
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$	6,002	\$	22	
Derivatives not Designated in Hedging Relationships	Location of Gain or (Loss) When Recognized in Income		of Gain or (Loss) nized in Income			
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Interest rate cap	Interest expense	\$	-			
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Interest rate cap	Interest expense	\$	(33)			
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Interest rate cap	Interest expense	\$	(4)			
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018						
Interest rate cap	Interest expense	\$	10			

Note 10—Equity

Common Stock—On April 14, 2017, two institutional investors acquired 2,875,000 shares of the Company's common stock for \$57.5 million and iStar acquired 2,775,000 shares of the Company's common stock for \$55.5 million.

On June 27, 2017, the Company sold 10,250,000 shares of its common stock in its initial public offering for proceeds of \$205.0 million. Concurrently with the initial public offering, the Company sold \$45.0 million in shares, or 2,250,000 shares, of its common stock to iStar in a private placement and issued a total of 40,000 fully-vested shares to its directors who are not employees of the Manager or iStar in consideration for their annual services as directors. On each of June 28, 2018 and May 9, 2019, the Company issued 40,000 fully-vested shares to its directors who are not employees of the Manager or iStar in consideration for their annual services as directors.

On January 2, 2019, the Company received \$250.0 million of proceeds from iStar for its purchase of 12,500,000 newly designated limited partnership units ("Investor Units") in the Operating Partnership at a purchase price of \$20.00 per unit. In May 2019, after approval of the Company's shareholders, the Investor Units were exchanged for shares of the Company's common

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

stock on a one-for-one basis. Following the exchange, the Investor Units were retired. Each Investor Unit received distributions equivalent to distributions declared and paid on one share of the Company's common stock. The Investor Units had no voting rights. They had limited protective consent rights over certain matters such as amendments to the terms of the Investor Units that would adversely affect the Investor Units.

Through June 30, 2019, iStar purchased 2.8 million shares of the Company's common stock for \$53.7 million, for an average cost of \$19.47 per share, pursuant to 10b5-1 plans (the "10b5-1 Plans") in accordance with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, under which it could buy shares of the Company's common stock in the open market. In addition, iStar purchased an additional 133,524 shares of the Company's common stock in private and open market transactions for \$2.2 million, for an average cost of \$16.39 per share. As of June 30, 2019, iStar owned 66.5% of the Company's common stock; however, its discretionary voting power is limited to 41.9% as a result of limitations on its voting power contained in a stockholder's agreement entered into in connection with its purchase of the Investor Units.

Equity Plans—During the third quarter 2018, the Company adopted an equity incentive plan providing for grants of interests in a subsidiary of the Operating Partnership intended to constitute profits interests within the meaning of relevant Internal Revenue Service guidance. The Company's shareholders approved the plan in the second quarter of 2019. Grants under the plan are subject to graduated vesting based on time and hurdles of the Company's common stock price ranging from \$25.00 to \$35.00. Once a particular stock price hurdle is met, a portion of the awards become vested, but remain subject to being forfeited, in part, if additional time-based service conditions are not satisfied. The awards generally entitle plan participants to distributions, in the aggregate, of up to 15% of the capital appreciation above the Company's investment basis on its Ground Lease assets upon certain realization events. If one or more stock price hurdles are not achieved in three years, the portion of the awards attributable to those hurdles automatically terminate. As of July 26, 2019, two stock price hurdles (\$25.00 and \$27.50) were achieved, resulting in 30% of each outstanding award becoming vested; provided, however, that 75% of such awards remain subject to ofrefiture based on continuing service conditions. Awards with an aggregate fair value of \$1.5 million are available to be granted under this plan, of which \$1.4 million was granted to the Company's independent directors and employees of the Manager in 2018, which will be recognized \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, in expense from the equity plan and it is recorded in "General and administrative" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

The Company adopted an equity incentive plan to provide equity incentive opportunities to members of the Manager's management team and employees who perform services for the Company, the Company's independent directors, advisers, consultants and other personnel (the "2017 Equity Incentive Plan"). The 2017 Equity Incentive Plan provides for grants of stock options, shares of restricted common stock, phantom shares, dividend equivalent rights and other equity-based awards, including long-term incentive plan units. In the first quarter 2019, the Company granted 25,000 restricted stock units with a fair value of \$0.5 million under the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan to an employee of the Manager, representing the right to receive 25,000 shares of the Company's common stock on January 5, 2022, if the employee is employed by the Manager on that date. Grants under the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan are recognized as compensation costs ratably over the applicable vesting period and recorded in "General and administrative" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Dividends will accrue as and when dividends are declared by the Company on shares of its common stock, but will not be paid unless and until the restricted stock units vest and are settled. As of June 30, 2019, there was \$0.4 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to the unvested restricted stock units. As of June 30, 2019, an aggregate of 762,500 shares remain available for issuance pursuant to future awards under the Company's 2017 Equity Incentive Plan.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)—Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consists of net unrealized gains (losses) on the Company's derivative transactions.

Noncontrolling Interests—Noncontrolling interests includes unrelated third-party equity interests in ventures that are consolidated in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Dividends—The Company elected to be taxed as a REIT beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 2017. To qualify as a REIT, the Company must annually distribute, at a minimum, an amount equal to 90% of its taxable income, excluding net capital gains, and must distribute 100% of its taxable income (including net capital gains) to eliminate corporate federal income taxes payable by the REIT. Because taxable income differs from cash flow from operations due to non-cash revenues and expenses (such as depreciation and other items), in certain circumstances, the Company may generate operating cash flow in excess of its dividends, or alternatively, may need to make dividend payments in excess of operating cash flows. During the six months ended

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

June 30, 2019, the Company declared cash dividends on its common stock of \$7.6 million, or \$0.306 per share. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company declared cash distributions to iStar for its Investor Units of \$1.9 million, or \$0.15 per Investor Unit. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, the Company declared cash dividends on its common stock of \$5.5 million, or \$0.30 per share.

Note 11—Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing net income attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period. The following table presents a reconciliation of net income used in the basic and diluted EPS calculations (\$ in thousands, except for per share data):

	Three Months Ended June 30,					ded		
		2019		2018		2019		2018
Net income	\$	5,942	\$	1,762	\$	17,079	\$	5,504
Net income allocable to noncontrolling interests		(1,419)		(59)		(5,937)		(82)
Net income allocable to Safehold Inc. common shareholders for basic earnings per common share	\$	4,523	\$	1,703	\$	11,142	\$	5,422

Safehold Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,						nths Ended ne 30,	
		2019 2018		2019			2018	
Earnings allocable to common shares:								
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:								
Net income allocable to Safehold Inc. common shareholders - basic	\$	4,523	\$	1,703	\$	11,142	\$	5,422
Net income allocable to Safehold Inc. common shareholders - diluted	\$	4,523	\$	1,703	\$	11,142	\$	5,422
			_					
Denominator for basic and diluted earnings per share:								
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share		25,640		18,191		22,001		18,191
Weighted average common shares outstanding for diluted earnings per common share ⁽¹⁾		25,640		18,191		22,001		18,191
Basic and diluted earnings per common share:								
Net income allocable to Safehold Inc. common shareholders - basic	\$	0.18	\$	0.09	\$	0.51	\$	0.30
Net income allocable to Safehold Inc. common shareholders - diluted	\$	0.18	\$	0.09	\$	0.51	\$	0.30

(1) During the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, 5,219,780 and 8,839,779, respectively, of Investor Units (refer to Note 10) were anti-dilutive.

Note 12—Related Party Transactions

The Company is externally managed by an affiliate of iStar, the Company's largest shareholder. iStar has been an active real estate investor for over 20 years and has executed transactions with an aggregate value of over \$40.0 billion. iStar has an extensive network for sourcing investments, which includes relationships with brokers, corporate tenants and developers that it has established over its long operating history. As of March 31, 2019, iStar had total assets of approximately \$4.7 billion and 156 employees.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Management Agreement

A summary of the terms of the management agreement is below:

Manager	SFTY Manager, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of iStar Inc.
Management Fee	Annual fee of 1.0% of total equity (up to \$1.5 billion)
	Annual fee of 1.25% of total equity (for incremental equity of \$1.5 billion to \$3.0 billion)
	Annual fee of 1.375% of total equity (for incremental equity of \$3.0 billion to \$5.0 billion) and
	Annual fee of 1.5% of total equity (for incremental equity over \$5.0 billion)
Management Fee Consideration	At the discretion of the Company's independent directors, payment will be made in cash or in shares of the Company's common stock (valued at the greater of: (i) the volume weighted average market price during the quarter for which the fee is being paid; or (ii) the initial public offering price of \$20.00 per share)
Lock-up	Restriction from selling common stock received for management fees for two years from the date of such issuance (restriction will terminate in the event of and effective with the termination of the management agreement)
Management Fee Waiver	No management fee was paid to the Manager during the first year (through June 30, 2018)
Incentive Fee	None
Term	Initial term from January 1, 2019 - June 30, 2022; non-terminable except for cause.
	Automatic annual renewals thereafter, subject to non-renewal upon certain findings by the Company's independent directors and payment of termination fee.
Termination Fee	3x prior year's management fee, subject to the Company having raised \$820 million of total equity since inception

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$1.5 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, in management fees to the Manager. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company recorded \$3.1 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, in management fees to the Manager. These management fees are recorded in "General and administrative" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Prior to June 30, 2018, no management fees were paid to the Manager because such fees were waived during the first year of the agreement. The fees were accounted for as a non-cash capital contribution from iStar despite iStar not receiving any compensation for its services during the first year of the agreement.

Expense Reimbursements

The Company pays, or reimburses the Manager for, all of the Company's operating expenses, except those specifically required to be borne by the Manager under the management agreement. In addition, because the Manager's personnel perform certain legal, accounting, due diligence tasks and other services that third-party professionals or consultants otherwise would perform, the Manager is reimbursed, in cash or in shares of the Company's common stock, for the documented cost of performing such tasks.

For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company was allocated \$0.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, in expenses from the Manager. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company was allocated \$1.1 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in expenses from the Manager. These expenses are recorded in "General and administrative" in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Prior to June 30, 2018, in accordance with the provisions of the management agreement, the reimbursement of expenses was waived by the Manager and, accordingly, these expenses were accounted for as a non-cash capital contribution from iStar despite iStar not receiving any reimbursement for these allocated expenses during the first year of the agreement.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(unaudited)

Acquisitions

iStar has participated in certain of the Company's investment transactions, as the Company's tenant or either as a seller of land or by providing financing to the Company's Ground Lease tenants. Following is a list of transactions in which the Company and iStar have participated for the periods presented. These transactions were approved by the Company's independent directors in accordance with the Company's policy with respect to transactions in which iStar is also a participant.

In January 2019, the Company acquired land and simultaneously structured and entered into a Ground Lease as part of the Ground Lease tenant's acquisition of an existing office building located in Washington, DC that is to be converted into a multi-family building. The Ground Lease has a term of 99 years. The Company also committed to provide the Ground Lease tenant a \$10.5 million leasehold improvement allowance that will be funded upon the completion of certain conditions. In addition, iStar provided a \$13.3 million loan to the ground lessee with an initial term of 21 months for the acquisition of the property.

In February 2019, the Company and iStar closed on the acquisition of a 420,000 square foot office building located in Jersey City, NJ. iStar acquired the leasehold interest and the Company simultaneously acquired the fee interest and entered into a new 98-year Ground Lease with iStar.

In August 2017, the Company acquired land and simultaneously structured and entered into a Ground Lease in Atlanta, GA and accounted for the transaction as an asset acquisition. The Ground Lease has a term of 99 years. In addition, the ground lessee will construct a 185-space parking deck adjacent to the building scheduled to be completed in 2019, which will be engineered to accommodate future development of the site. The Company has a right of first refusal to provide funding for up to 30.0% of the construction cost of an additional 160,000 square feet of development on terms consistent with the Ground Lease. iStar committed to provide a \$24.0 million construction loan to the ground lessee for the renovation of the property.

Note 13—Subsequent Events

In July 2019, the Company added an additional lender to the 2017 Revolver and an existing lender increased its commitment, bringing total capacity for the 2017 Revolver to \$450.0 million. Also in July 2019, the Company refinanced two mortgages on existing Ground Leases with an aggregate principal balance of \$71.0 million maturing in January 2023. The new mortgage has a principal balance of \$120.7 million and matures in August 2069.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Certain statements in this report, other than purely historical information, including estimates, projections, statements relating to our business plans, objectives and expected operating results, and the assumptions upon which those statements are based, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements are included with respect to, among other things, Safehold Inc.'s (the "Company's") current business plan, business strategy, portfolio management, prospects and liquidity. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "strategy," "plan," "may," "should," "will be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties which may cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, readers are urged to read carefully all cautionary statements contained in this Form 10-Q and the uncertainties and risks described in the Risk Factors section in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, all of which could affect our future results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. For purposes of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, the terms "we," "our" and "us" refer to Safehold Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context indicates otherwise.

The discussion below should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q and our Annual Report on Form 10-K. These historical financial statements may not be indicative of our future performance. We have reclassified certain items in our consolidated financial statements of prior periods to conform to our current financial statements presentation.

Introduction

We are a publicly-traded company that originates and acquires Ground Leases in order to generate attractive long-term risk-adjusted returns from our investments. We believe that our business has characteristics comparable to a high-grade fixed income investment business, but with certain unique advantages. Relative to alternative fixed income investments generally, our Ground Leases typically benefit from built-in growth derived from contractual rent increases, and the opportunity to realize value from residual rights to acquire the buildings and other improvements on our land at no additional cost to us. We believe that these features offer us the opportunity to realize superior risk-adjusted total returns when compared to certain alternative highly-rated investments.

We elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") for U.S. federal income tax purposes, commencing with the tax year ended December 31, 2017. We conduct all of our business and own all of our properties through our subsidiary partnership, Safehold Operating Partnership LP (the "Operating Partnership").

We have chosen to focus on Ground Leases because we believe they meet an important need in the real estate capital markets for our customers. We also believe Ground Leases offer a unique combination of safety, income growth and the potential for capital appreciation for investors for the following reasons:

High Quality Long-Term Cash Flow: We believe that a Ground Lease represents a safe position in a property's capital structure. This safety is derived from the typical structure of a Ground Lease under which the landlord has a residual right to regain possession of its land and take ownership of the buildings and improvements thereon upon a tenant default. The landlord's residual right provides a strong incentive for a Ground Lease tenant or its leasehold lender to make the required Ground Lease rent payments. Additionally, as discussed further below, the combined property value subject to a Ground Lease typically significantly exceeds the Ground Lease landlord's investment in the Ground Lease; therefore, even if the landlord takes over the property following a tenant default or upon expiration of the Ground Lease, the landlord is reasonably likely to recover substantially all of its Ground Lease investment, and possibly amounts in excess of its investment, depending upon prevailing market conditions.

Income Growth: Ground Leases typically provide growing income streams through contractual base rent escalators that may compound over the duration of the lease. These rent escalators may be based on fixed increases, a Consumer Price Index ("CPI") or a combination thereof, and may also include a participation in the gross revenues of the underlying property. We believe that this growth in the lease rate over time can mitigate the effects of inflation and capture for anticipated increases in land values over time, as well as serving as a basis for growing our dividend.

Opportunity for Capital Appreciation: The opportunity for capital appreciation comes in two forms. First, as the ground rent grows over time, the value of the Ground Lease should grow under market conditions in which capitalization rates remain

flat. Second, our residual right to regain possession of the land underlying the Ground Lease and take title to the buildings and other improvements thereon for no additional consideration creates additional potential value to our shareholders.

We generally target Ground Lease investments in which the initial cost of the Ground Lease represents 30% to 45% of the combined value of the land and buildings and improvements thereon (the "Combined Property Value"), as if the Ground Lease did not exist. If the initial cost of a Ground Lease is equal to 35% of the Combined Property Value, the remaining 65% of the Combined Property Value represents potential excess value over the amount of our investment that would be turned over to us upon the reversion of the property, assuming no intervening change in the Combined Property Value. In our view, there is a strong correlation between inflation and commercial real estate values over time, which supports our belief that the value of the owned residual portfolio should increase over time as inflation increases, although our ability to recognize value in certain cases may be limited by the rights of our tenants under some of our Ground Leases, including tenant rights to purchase our land in certain circumstances and the right of one tenant to demolish improvements prior to the expiration of the lease. See "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and this Report for a discussion of these tenant rights.

Owned Residual Portfolio: We believe that the residual right is a unique feature distinguishing Ground Leases from other fixed income investments and property types. We track the unrealized appreciation in the value of the residual portfolio over our basis because we believe it provides relevant information with regard to the three key investment characteristics of our Ground Leases: (1) the quality of the long-term cash flows generated by rent that increases over time; (2) the safety of our position in a tenant's capital structure; and (3) increases and decreases in the Combined Property Value of the portfolio that reverts to us pursuant to such residual rights.

We believe that, similar to a loan to value metric, tracking changes in the value of the residual portfolio is useful as an indicator of the quality of our cash flows and the safety of our position in a tenant's capital structure, which, in turn, support the Company's objective to pay and grow dividends over time. Observing changes in the residual portfolio value also helps us monitor changes in the value of the real estate portfolio that reverts to us under the terms of the leases, either at the expiration or earlier termination of the lease. The value may be realized by us at the relevant time by entering into a new lease on then current market terms, selling the combined property or operating the property directly and leasing the spaces to tenants at prevailing market rates.

We have engaged an independent valuation firm to prepare: (a) initial reports of the Combined Property Value associated with our Ground Lease portfolio; and (b) periodic updates of such reports, which we use, in part, to determine the current estimated value of the residual portfolio. We calculate this estimated value by subtracting our original aggregate cost basis in the Ground Leases from the aggregate Combined Property Value determined by the valuation firm.

The table below shows the current estimated unrealized capital appreciation in our owned residual portfolio as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 (\$ in millions):⁽¹⁾

	June 30, 2019	December	31, 2018
Combined Property Value ⁽²⁾	\$ 3,306	\$	2,757
Ground Lease Cost ⁽²⁾	1,134		948
Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio	2,172		1,809

(1) Please review our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 26, 2019 for a discussion of the valuation methodology used and important limitations and qualifications of the calculation of Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio. See "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of certain tenant rights that may limit our ability to realize value from the unrealized capital appreciation, including tenant rights to purchase our land in certain circumstances and the right of one tenant to demolish improvements prior to the expiration of the lease. See also Item 1A. herein Risk Factors - "There can be no assurance that we will realize any incremental value from the "Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio" or that the market price of our common stock will reflect any value attributable thereto" and "The tenants under many of our Ground Leases have certain premptive rights should we decide to sell the properties."

(2) Combined Property Value includes \$416.0 million and \$254.9 million related to transactions with remaining unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Ground Lease Cost includes \$83.4 million and \$64.0 million of unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2019, our gross book value as a percentage of combined property value was 36%.

Market Opportunity: We believe that there is a significant market opportunity for a dedicated provider of Ground Lease capital like us. We believe that the market for existing Ground Leases is fragmented with ownership comprised primarily of high net worth individuals, pension funds, life insurance companies, estates and endowments. However, while we intend to pursue acquisitions of existing Ground Leases, our investment thesis is predicated, in part, on what we believe is an untapped market opportunity to expand the use of Ground Leases to a broader component of the approximately \$7.0 trillion institutional commercial property market in the U.S. We intend to capture this market opportunity by utilizing multiple sourcing and origination channels, including manufacturing new Ground Leases with third-party owners and developers of commercial real estate and originating Ground Leases to provide capital for development. We further believe that Ground Leases generally represent an attractive source of capital for our tenants and may allow them to generate superior returns on their invested equity as compared

to utilizing alternative sources of capital. We draw on the extensive investment origination and sourcing platform of iStar, the parent company of our Manager, to actively promote the benefits of the Ground Lease structure to prospective Ground Lease tenants.

Executive Overview

We acquire, manage and capitalize Ground Leases and report our business as a single reportable segment. We believe owning a portfolio of Ground Leases affords our investors the opportunity for safe, growing income. Safety is derived from a Ground Lease's super senior position in the commercial real estate capital structure. Growth is realized through long-term leases with contractual periodic increases in rent. Capital appreciation is realized though growth in the value of the land over time and when, at the end of the lease, the commercial real estate property reverts to us, as landlord, and we are able to realize the value of the leasehold, which may be substantial. Our Ground Leases share similarities with triple net leases because typically we are not responsible for any operating or capital expenses over the life of the lease, making the management of our portfolio relatively simple, with limited working capital needs.

We have a diverse portfolio of 38 properties located in major metropolitan areas. All of the properties in our portfolio are subject to long-term leases consisting of 33 Ground Leases and one master lease (covering five properties) that provide for contractual periodic rental escalations or percentage rent participations in gross revenues generated at the relevant properties.

The following table presents our Ground Lease originations/acquisitions since inception (\$ in millions):

Period	Funded	Originated	
Prior to IPO	\$ 3	340	\$ 340
Period from June 27, 2017 to December 31, 2017	1	158	192
Year Ended December 31, 2018	3	386	416
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 ⁽¹⁾	1	165	186
Total since inception	\$ 1,0)49	\$ 1,134

(1) Funded includes \$10.2 million from the origination of a sales-type lease funded through the assumption of a mortgage.

Our Portfolio

We have a portfolio of 38 properties that are diversified by region and property type. Our portfolio is comprised of 33 Ground Leases and a master lease (relating to five hotel assets that we refer to as our "Park Hotels Portfolio") that has many of the characteristics of a Ground Lease, including length of lease term, percentage rent participations, triple net terms and strong Ground Rent Coverage (which was 4.3x as of June 30, 2019).



Below is an overview of our portfolio as of June 30, 2019:

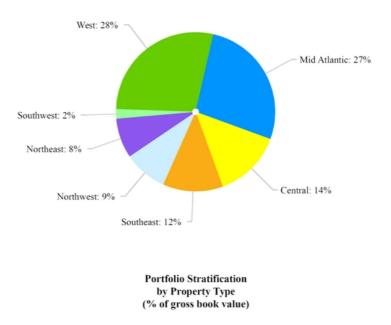
Property Name	Location	Property Type	Lease Expiration / As Extended	Rent Escalation Structure
Hollywood Blvd - North	Los Angeles, CA	Multi-family	2104 / 2104	Inflation-Linked
Hollywood Blvd - South	Los Angeles, CA	Multi-family	2104 / 2104	Inflation-Linked
Onyx on First	Washington, DC	Multi-family	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
The Buckler Apartments	Milwaukee, WI	Multi-family	2112 / 2112	Fixed
Promenade Crossing	Orlando, FL	Multi-family	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Novel Music Row	Nashville, TN	Multi-family	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
515 22nd Street	Washington, DC	Multi-family ⁽¹⁾	2118 / 2118	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Nest Vue	Orlando, FL	Multi-family	2118 / 2118	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
The Kiley	Washington, DC	Multi-family	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
0 Hawley	Binghamton, NY	Multi-family	2118 / 2118	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
3333 LifeHope	Atlanta, GA	Office	2116 / 2176	Fixed
Northside Forsyth Medical Center	Atlanta, GA	Office	2115 / 2175	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
111 Pennsylvania Avenue	Washington, DC	Office	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Dne Ally Center	Detroit, MI	Office	2114 / 2174	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
NASA/JPSS Headquarters	Washington, DC	Office	2075 / 2105	Fixed
Pershing Point	Atlanta, GA	Office	2117 / 2124	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
legency Lakeview	Raleigh-Durham, NC	Office	2117 / 2122	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Glenridge Point	Atlanta, GA	Office	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Balboa Executive Center	San Diego, CA	Office	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
'he Jefferson	Washington, DC	Office	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
The Madison	Phoenix, AZ	Office	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
arkwood Place	Plano, TX	Office	2118 / 2118	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Duke Bridges III	Frisco, TX	Office	2118 / 2118	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
/alley Forge Park Place	King of Prussia, PA	Office	2118 / 2118	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
70 Washington Blvd.	Jersey City, NJ	Office	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Iyatt Centric	Washington, DC	Hotel	2035 / 2075	% Rent
Doubletree Seattle Airport ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Seattle, WA	Hotel	2025 / 2035	% Rent
Iilton Salt Lake ⁽²⁾	Salt Lake City, UT	Hotel	2025 / 2035	% Rent
Doubletree Mission Valley ⁽²⁾	San Diego, CA	Hotel	2025 / 2035	% Rent
Doubletree Durango ⁽²⁾	Durango, CO	Hotel	2025 / 2035	% Rent
Doubletree Sonoma ⁽²⁾	San Francisco, CA	Hotel	2025 / 2035	% Rent
Dallas Market Center - Sheraton Suites	Dallas, TX	Hotel	2114 / 2114	Fixed
Dallas Market Center - Marriott Courtyard	Dallas, TX	Hotel	2026 / 2066	% Rent
/alencia	San Antonio, TX	Hotel	2101/ 2101	Fixed with % Rent
ock Up Self Storage Facility	Minneapolis, MN	Industrial	2037 / 2037	Fixed
Aiami Airport I	Miami, FL	Industrial	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
Aiami Airport II	Miami, FL	Industrial	2117 / 2117	Fixed with Inflation Adjustments
DX	Portland, OR	Industrial	2055 / 2055	Inflation-Linked
Veighted average lease term remaining			72 / 82	

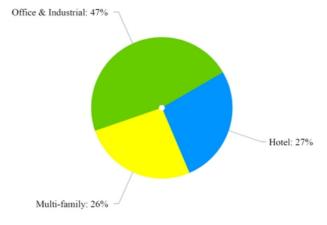
(1) (2) (3)

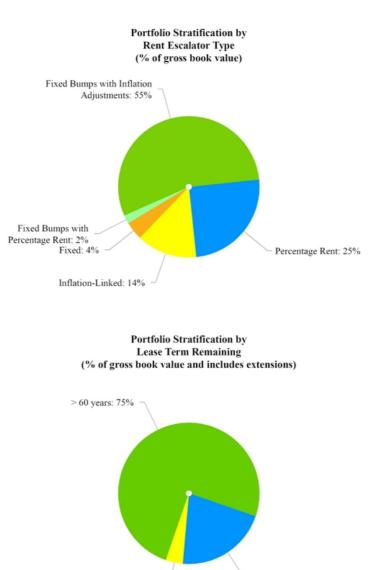
Property is currently an office building that will be converted into a multi-family property after the tenant vacates in September 2019. Property is part of the Park Hotels Portfolio and is subject to a single master lease. A majority of the land underlying this property is owned by a third party and is ground leased to us through 2044 subject to changes in the CPI; however, our tenant at the property pays this cost directly to the third party.

The following charts show certain statistics of our portfolio as of June 30, 2019, excluding unfunded commitments:

Geographic Diversification by Region (% of gross book value)







< 20 years: 21%

20-60 years: 4%

Unfunded Commitments

In October 2017, we entered into a commitment to acquire land subject to a Ground Lease on which a luxury multi-family project is currently being constructed in San Jose, California. Pursuant to the purchase agreement, we will acquire the Ground Lease on November 1, 2020 from iStar for \$34.0 million. iStar committed to provide a \$80.5 million construction loan to the ground lessee.

In August 2018, we entered into an aggregate \$30.0 million commitment to acquire land for \$12.5 million and provide a \$17.5 million leasehold improvement allowance for the Ground Lease tenant's construction of a multi-family property in Washington, DC. We acquired the land in June 2019 and will fund the leasehold improvement allowance upon the completion of certain conditions.

In January 2019, we acquired land for \$13.0 million and simultaneously structured and entered into a Ground Lease as part of the Ground Lease tenant's acquisition of an existing office building located in Washington, DC that is to be converted into a multi-family building. We committed to provide the Ground Lease tenant a \$10.5 million leasehold improvement allowance that will be funded upon the completion of certain conditions.

In June 2019, we acquired land for \$8.1 million and simultaneously structured and entered into a Ground Lease as part of the Ground Lease tenant's development of a to-be-built multi-family community located outside of Orlando, FL. We committed to provide the Ground Lease tenant a \$21.4 million leasehold improvement allowance that will be funded upon the completion of certain conditions.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2019 compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2018

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					
	 2019		2018		Change	
		(in thou	isands)			
Operating lease income	\$ 17,196	\$	9,861	\$	7,335	
Interest income from sales-type leases	1,880				1,880	
Other income	604		1,713		(1,109)	
Total revenue	 19,680		11,574		8,106	
Interest expense	5,986		3,376		2,610	
Real estate expense	645		398		247	
Depreciation and amortization	2,343		2,275		68	
General and administrative	4,474		3,292		1,182	
Other expense	290		471		(181)	
Total costs and expenses	 13,738		9,812		3,926	
Net income	\$ 5,942	\$	1,762	\$	4,180	
		-				

Operating lease income increased to \$17.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2019 from \$9.9 million for the same period in 2018. The increase in 2019 was primarily due to the origination of new Ground Leases.

Interest income from sales-type leases was \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. On January 1, 2019, we adopted new accounting standards (refer to Note 3) and classify certain of our Ground Leases as sales-type leases. Under sales-type leases, we accrue interest income from sales-type leases under the effective interest method as opposed to recognition of operating lease income under the straight-line rent method for our Ground Leases that do not qualify as sales-type leases. We expect a significant majority of our newly originated Ground Leases will be classified as sales-type leases.

Other income for the three months ended June 30, 2019 consists primarily of \$0.5 million of interest income earned on our cash balances. In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2019, we also recorded \$0.1 million of other income relating to a Ground Lease in which we are the lessee but our tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease (refer to Note 3). Other income for the three months ended June 30, 2018 consists primarily of a \$1.5 million termination fee received by us in connection with the termination of a purchase contract for the purchase of the leased fee interest in a property due to the exercise by another entity of a pre-existing pre-emptive right to acquire such property and \$0.2 million of interest income earned on our cash balances.

During the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, we incurred interest expense from our secured financings of \$6.0 million and \$3.4 million, respectively. The increase in 2019 was primarily the result of additional borrowings to fund our growing investment portfolio.

Real estate expense was \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, which consisted primarily of the amortization of an operating lease right-of-use asset in 2019 and a below market lease asset in 2018 at one of our hotel properties, and property appraisal fees and insurance expense in both periods. The increase in 2019 was primarily the result of growth in our portfolio through the origination of new Ground Leases. In addition, during the three months ended June 30, 2019, we also recorded \$0.1 million of real estate expense relating to a Ground Lease in which we are the lessee but our tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease (refer to Note 3).

Depreciation and amortization was \$2.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 and primarily relates to our ownership of the Park Hotels Portfolio and our ownership of the Buckler multi-family property.

General and administrative includes management fees (which our Manager waived during the first year of the management agreement), stock-based compensation, costs of operating as a public company and an allocation of expenses to us from our Manager (which our Manager waived during the first year of the management agreement). Although we paid no management fee or expense reimbursements to our Manager through June 30, 2018, GAAP requires us to record expenses and a non-cash capital contribution from iStar despite iStar not receiving any compensation or reimbursement for its services. The following table presents our general and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 (\$ in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					
		2019		2018		
Management fees ⁽¹⁾	\$	1,539	\$		907	
Public company and other costs		1,187			1,254	
Expense reimbursements to the Manager ⁽¹⁾		529			366	
Stock-based compensation		1,219			765	
Total general and administrative expenses	\$	4,474	\$		3,292	

(1) Waived through June 30, 2018.

During the three months ended June 30, 2019, other expense consists primarily of costs associated with new investments, state and local taxes and fees related to our derivative transactions. During the three months ended June 30, 2018, other expense consists primarily of pursuit costs related to an unsuccessful acquisition but for which we received a \$1.5 million termination fee.

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2018

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2019 2018			\$ Change		
			(in	thousands)		
Operating lease income	\$	37,712	\$	21,141	\$	16,571
Interest income from sales-type leases		2,802		_		2,802
Other income		986		2,126		(1,140)
Total revenue		41,500		23,267		18,233
Interest expense		10,507		6,631		3,876
Real estate expense		1,457		752		705
Depreciation and amortization		4,686		4,546		140
General and administrative		7,456		5,324		2,132
Other expense		315		510		(195)
Total costs and expenses		24,421		17,763		6,658
Net income	\$	17,079	\$	5,504	\$	11,575



Operating lease income increased to \$37.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 from \$21.1 million for the same period in 2018. The increase in 2019 was primarily due to the origination of new Ground Leases.

Interest income from sales-type leases was \$2.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. On January 1, 2019, we adopted new accounting standards (refer to Note 3) and classify certain of our Ground Leases as sales-type leases. Under sales-type leases, we accrue interest income from sales-type leases under the effective interest method as opposed to recognition of operating lease income under the straight-line rent method for our Ground Leases that do not qualify as sales-type leases. We expect a significant majority of our newly originated Ground Leases will be classified as sales-type leases.

Other income for the six months ended June 30, 2019 consists primarily of \$0.8 million of interest income earned on our cash balances. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2019, we also recorded \$0.2 million of other income relating to a Ground Lease in which we are the lessee but our tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease (refer to Note 3). Other income for the six months ended June 30, 2018 consists primarily of a \$1.5 million termination fee received by us in connection with the termination of a purchase contract for the purchase of the leased fee interest in a property due to the exercise by another entity of a pre-existing pre-emptive right to acquire such property and \$0.6 million of interest income earned on our cash balances.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, we incurred interest expense from our secured financings of \$10.5 million and \$6.6 million, respectively. The increase in 2019 was primarily the result of additional borrowings to fund our growing investment portfolio.

Real estate expense was \$1.5 million and \$0.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, which consisted primarily of the amortization of an operating lease right-of-use asset in 2019 and a below market lease asset in 2018 at one of our hotel properties, and property appraisal fees and insurance expense in both periods. The increase in 2019 was primarily the result of growth in our portfolio through the origination of new Ground Leases. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2019, we also recorded \$0.2 million of real estate expense relating to a Ground Lease in which we are the lessee but our tenant at the property pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease (refer to Note 3).

Depreciation and amortization was \$4.7 million and \$4.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and primarily relates to our ownership of the Park Hotels Portfolio and our ownership of the Buckler multi-family property.

General and administrative includes management fees (which our Manager waived during the first year of the management agreement), stock-based compensation, costs of operating as a public company and an allocation of expenses to us from our Manager (which our Manager waived during the first year of the management agreement). Although we paid no management fee or expense reimbursements to our Manager through June 30, 2018, GAAP requires us to record expenses and a non-cash capital contribution from iStar despite iStar not receiving any compensation or reimbursement for its services. The following table presents our general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2018 (\$ in thousands):

		nded		
		2019		2018
Management fees ⁽¹⁾	\$	3,051	\$	1,804
Public company and other costs		2,015		1,978
Expense reimbursements to the Manager ⁽¹⁾		1,072		777
Stock-based compensation		1,318		765
Total general and administrative expenses	\$	7,456	\$	5,324

Waived through June 30, 2018.

During the six months ended June 30, 2019, other expense consists primarily of costs associated with new investments, state and local taxes and fees related to our derivative transactions. During the six months ended June 30, 2018, other expense consists primarily of pursuit costs related to an unsuccessful acquisition (but for which we received a \$1.5 million termination fee) and fees related to our derivative transactions.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity is a measure of our ability to meet potential cash requirements, including to pay interest and repay borrowings, fund and maintain our assets and operations, complete acquisitions and originations of investments, make distributions to our shareholders and meet other general business needs. In order to qualify as a REIT, we are required under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to distribute to our shareholders, on an annual basis, at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gains. We expect to make quarterly cash distributions to our shareholders sufficient to meet REIT qualification requirements.

As of June 30, 2019, we had \$73.0 million of unrestricted cash and the ability to borrow an additional \$40.7 million on our 2017 Revolver, subject to the conditions set forth in the applicable loan agreement (refer to Note 7 and Note 13 for more information on our 2017 Revolver), without pledging any additional assets to the facility. We refer to this \$113.7 million of unrestricted cash and additional borrowing capacity as our "equity" liquidity which can be used for general corporate purposes or leveraged (a maximum of 2:1 in the case of our 2017 Revolver) to acquire new Ground Lease assets. Our primary sources of cash to date have been proceeds of \$250.0 million from iStar's purchase of Investor Units in our Operating Partnership (refer to Note 10), proceeds of \$205.0 million from our initial public offering, proceeds of \$45.0 million from our private placement to iStar, proceeds of \$113.0 million from our initial capitalization by iStar and two institutional investors and borrowings from our debt facilities. Our primary uses of cash to date have been the \$113.0 million acquisition of the initial portfolio from iStar, the acquisition/origination of 26 Ground Leases for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$709.3 million, repayments on our debt facilities and distributions to our shareholders.

In July 2019, we refinanced two mortgages on existing Ground Leases with an aggregate principal balance of \$71.0 million that were due to mature in January 2023. The new mortgage has a principal balance of \$120.7 million and matures in August 2069. On a pro forma basis, after giving effect to this refinancing, our total debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019 was \$603.4 million, our weighted average cash interest rate was 3.5%, our weighted average interest rate was 4.1% and our weighted average maturity was 23 years.

We expect our future liquidity requirements to include debt service, distributions to our shareholders and noncontrolling interests, working capital, acquisitions and originations of Ground Lease investments and debt maturities. Our primary sources of liquidity going forward will generally consist of cash on hand and cash flows from operations, new financings, unused borrowing capacity under our 2017 Revolver (subject to the conditions set forth in the applicable loan agreement) and common and/or preferred equity issuances.

Contractual Obligations—The following table outlines the contractual obligations related to our long-term debt obligations as of June 30, 2019 (refer to Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements)

				Amounts Du	e By P	eriod		
	 Total	L	ess Than 1 Year	 1 - 3 Years		3 - 5 Years	 5 - 10 Years	 After 10 Years
				(in thou	isands)			
Long-Term Debt Obligations: ⁽¹⁾								
Mortgages	\$ 553,693	\$	—	\$ —	\$	71,000	\$ 316,193	\$ 166,500
Total principal maturities	 553,693		_	 		71,000	 316,193	166,500
Interest Payable ⁽²⁾	335,576		20,556	41,537		38,288	73,142	162,053
Purchase Commitments ⁽³⁾	 83,359		38,900	 44,459		—	 —	—
Total ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 972,628	\$	59,456	\$ 85,996	\$	109,288	\$ 389,335	\$ 328,553

Assumes the extended final maturity date for all debt obligations

Variable-rate debt assumes one-month LIBOR of 2.40%. Interest payable does not include payments that may be required under our interest rate derivatives. Refer to Note 8 of the consolidated financial statements

(2) (3) (4) We are also obligated to pay the third-party owner of a property that is ground leased to us \$0.4 million, subject to adjustment for changes in the CPI, per year through 2044; however, our tenant pays this expense directly under the terms of a master lease through 2035

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements—We are not dependent on the use of any off-balance sheet financing arrangements for liquidity.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and judgments in certain circumstances that affect amounts reported as assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. We have established detailed policies and control procedures intended to ensure that valuation methods, including any judgments made as part of such methods, are well controlled, reviewed and applied consistently from period to period. We base our estimates on historical corporate and industry experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be appropriate under the circumstances. For all of these estimates, we caution that future events rarely develop exactly as forecasted, and, therefore, routinely require adjustment.

For a discussion of our critical accounting policies, refer to Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements and our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

New Accounting Pronouncements—For a discussion of the impact of new accounting pronouncements on our financial condition or results of operations, refer to Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements



Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market Risks

Our future income, cash flows and fair values relevant to financial instruments are dependent upon prevalent market prices and interest rates. Market risk refers to the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and interest rates. One of the principal market risks facing us is interest rate risk on our floating rate indebtedness.

Subject to qualifying and maintaining our qualification as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we may mitigate the risk of interest rate volatility through the use of hedging instruments, such as interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements. Our primary objectives when undertaking hedging transactions will be to reduce our floating rate exposure and to fix a portion of the interest rate for anticipated financing and refinancing transactions. However, we can provide no assurances that our efforts to manage interest rate volatility will successfully mitigate the risks of such volatility on our portfolio. Our current portfolio is not subject to foreign currency risk.

Our objectives with respect to interest rate risk are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on operations and cash flows, and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives, we may borrow at fixed rates and may enter into hedging instruments such as interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements in order to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related floating rate financial instrument. We do not enter into derivative or interest rate transactions for speculative purposes.

As of June 30, 2019, we had \$482.7 million principal amount of fixed-rate debt outstanding and \$71.0 million principal amount of floating-rate debt outstanding. In addition, as of June 30, 2019 we were party to derivative contracts to manage our interest rate risk.

The following table quantifies the potential changes in annual net income should interest rates increase or decrease by 10, 50 or 100 basis points, assuming no change in our interest earning assets, interest bearing liabilities or the shape of the yield curve (i.e., relative interest rates). The base interest rate scenario assumes the one-month LIBOR rate of 2.40% as of June 30, 2019. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimated in the table.

Estimated Change In Net Income

(\$ in thousands)

Change in Interest Rates	Net	Income (Loss)
-100 Basis Points	\$	290
-50 Basis Points		145
-10 Basis Points		29
Base Interest Rate		—
+10 Basis Points		(29)
+ 50 Basis Points		(145)
+100 Basis Points		(290)

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its President and Chief Investment Officer, who is currently performing the functions of the Company's principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Company has formed a disclosure committee that is responsible for considering the materiality of information and determining the disclosure obligations of the Company on a timely basis. The disclosure committee reports directly to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and principal financial officer (whose functions are currently being performed by the Company's President and Chief Investment Officer).

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the disclosure committee and other members of management, including its Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Investment Officer (performing the functions of principal financial officer), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b) or Rule 15d-15. Based upon that evaluation, th



e Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Investment Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is: (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms; and (ii) accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Investment Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

There have been no changes during the last fiscal quarter in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that it will detect or uncover failures within the Company to disclose material information otherwise required to be set forth in the Company's periodic reports.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be party, or our properties may be subject to, various claims, lawsuits or other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. We are not currently a party, as plaintiff or defendant, to any legal proceedings which, individually or in the aggregate, would be expected to have a material effect on our business, financial position, liquidity or results of operations if determined adversely to us.

Item 1a. Risk Factors

The following risk factors previously disclosed in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K have been amended.

There can be no assurance that we will realize any incremental value from the "Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio" or that the market price of our common stock will reflect any value attributable thereto.

At the end of a Ground Lease, we regain possession of the land, pursuant to the typical terms of a Ground Lease, and generally take title to the building and any improvements thereon, without the payment of any additional consideration by us. Since we target Ground Leases where the initial cost of the Ground Lease represents between 30% and 45% of the Combined Property Value, we regard the difference between the initial Ground Lease cost and the Combined Property Value as Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio that we may realize at the end of the lease through a releasing or sale transaction, or perhaps by operating the property directly. To the extent we choose to operate a property directly after the expiration or other termination of a Ground Lease, we will be subject to additional risks associated with leasing commercial real estate, including responsibility for property operating costs, such as taxes, insurance and maintenance, that previously were paid for by our tenant pursuant the Ground Lease. Additionally, the Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio may grow during the term of the Ground Lease in an amount equal to any appreciation in the Combined Property Value. Though we estimate Combined Property Value using one or more valuation methodologies that we consider appropriate, there can be no assurance that this estimate or the amount of any Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio is accurate at the time we invest in a Ground Lease. Even if we estimate that there is an Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio, we will generally not be able to realize that value through a near term transaction, as the property is leased to a tenant pursuant to a long-term lease. While the value of commercial real estate as a broad class has generally increased over extended periods of time and is believed by some to exhibit a positive correlation with rates of inflation, the value of a particular commercial real estate asset is primarily a function of its location, overall quality and the terms of relevant leases. Since our leases are typically long-term (base terms ranging from 30 to 99 years), it is possible that the Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio will increase in value, but over long periods of time. However, the Combined Property Value of a particular property at the end of a Ground Lease will be highly dependent on its unique attributes and there can be no assurance that it will exceed the amount of our initial investment in the Ground Lease. Moreover, no assurance can be given that the market price of our common stock will include any value attributable to the Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio. In addition, our ability to recognize value through reversion rights may be limited by the rights of our tenants under some of our Ground Leases, including tenant rights to purchase the properties under certain circumstances and the right of the One Ally Center tenant to demolish the improvements prior to the expiration of the Ground Lease. See the following Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018, as the same may be updated in subsequent reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission: "-The tenant under our Ground Lease relating to the One Ally Center property has the right to demolish the building before the expiration of the lease." Moreover, the market price of our common stock may not reflect any value ascribed to the Unrealized Capital Appreciation in Our Owned Residual Portfolio, as it is difficult and highly speculative to estimate the value of a commercial real estate portfolio that may be realized at a distant point in time.

The tenants under many of our Ground Leases have certain preemptive rights should we decide to sell the Ground Leases.

Tenants under many of our Ground Leases have a right of first offer or refusal to purchase the land underlying the Ground Lease should we decide to sell the land together with the Ground Lease to a third party. The existence of such preemptive rights could limit third-party offers for the Ground Lease, or adversely affect the timing of any sale of any such Ground Lease and affect our ability to obtain the highest price possible in the event that we decide to market or sell the Ground Lease.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

In June 2019, we issued 75,585 shares of our common stock to our Manager as payment for the management fee for the three months ended March 31, 2019. These shares were not registered under the Securities Act.



Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

*

Item 6. Exhibits

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Document Description
10.1	Form of CARET Performance Incentive Plan Profits Interest Award Agreement
31.0	Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
32.0	Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
101*	The following financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2019 is formatted in XBRL ("eXtensible Business Reporting Language"): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2019 (unaudited) and December 31, 2018; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018; (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018; and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

In accordance with Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 is deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

40

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 26, 2019

Safehold Inc. Registrant

/s/ JAY SUGARMAN

Jay Sugarman Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer)

Safehold Inc. *Registrant*

/s/ MARCOS ALVARADO

Marcos Alvarado President and Chief Investment Officer (principal financial officer)

41

Date: July 26, 2019

CARET PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE PLAN PROFITS INTEREST AWARD AGREEMENT

This Profits Interest Award Agreement (this "<u>Agreement</u>"), is made on this _____day of ______, 20___ (hereinafter referred to as the "<u>Date of Grant</u>"), among CARET Ventures LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("<u>CARET Issuer</u>"), Safehold Inc. (the "<u>Company</u>"), Safehold Operating Partnership LP (the "<u>Partnership</u>"), CARET Management Holdings LLC ("<u>Management LLC</u>"), and ______ (the "<u>Participant</u>").

<u>RECITALS</u>:

WHEREAS, CARET Issuer has adopted the CARET Performance Incentive Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>"), a copy of which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>, which Plan is incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this Agreement (capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings set forth in the Plan or the Limited Liability Company Agreement of CARET Management Holdings LLC dated as of August 16, 2018 ("<u>LLC Agreement</u>", a copy of which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u>), as applicable);

WHEREAS, the purpose of the Plan is to assist the Company in attracting, retaining, motivating, and rewarding certain officers, directors, employees and consultants of the Company, its subsidiaries and their respective Affiliates, including SFTY Manager LLC (the "<u>Manager</u>") and its managers, members, officers and key employees, and promoting the creation of long-term value for stockholders of the Company by closely aligning the interests of such individuals with those of such stockholders;

WHEREAS, CARET Issuer has issued to the Partnership certain equity ownership interests denominated as "CARET Units" ("<u>CARET Units</u>") under the Limited Liability Agreement of CARET Issuer ("<u>CARET LLC Agreement</u>"), which the Partnership in turn has contributed to Management LLC;

WHEREAS, the Participant is employed by or otherwise provides services to the Company, including without limitation the Partnership, Manager, iStar Inc. (the parent company of Manager), CARET Issuer, and/or an Affiliate of any of the foregoing for the benefit of the Company; and

WHEREAS, the Managing Member of CARET Issuer, and the board of directors of the Company, or a committee thereof, has determined that it would be in the best interests of the Company and its Affiliates to cause Profits Interests in Management LLC ("Management Profits Interests") to be granted to the Participant pursuant to the Plan and the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants hereinafter set forth, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Grant of Management Profits Interests.

(a) <u>Management Profits Interests</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, Management LLC hereby grants to the Participant an award of Management Profits Interests (the "<u>Granted Interests</u>") in the amount set forth below, subject to adjustment as provided in the Plan, this Agreement or the LLC Agreement.

Amount of Management	Percentage of Total Authorized
Profits Interest Granted	Management Profits Interests
	%

The Granted Interests are non-voting, but have certain limited consent rights as set forth in the LLC Agreement.

(b) <u>Distributions</u>. Distributions in respect of the Granted Interests that have become vested in accordance with this Agreement shall be made to the Participant in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and the LLC Agreement.

(c) <u>Approval of Company Stockholders</u>. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the award of the Granted Interests being made hereby is conditioned, in its entirety, on the approval of the Plan by the stockholders of the Company. The Company shall present the Plan to its stockholders for approval on or before December 31, 2019. If such stockholder approval has not been obtained by such date, this Agreement and the award of the Granted Interests shall automatically terminate, with no liability of either party hereto, other than liability for a breach of this Agreement by either party occurring prior to such termination.

2. <u>Vesting</u>. The Granted Interests shall vest in accordance with the vesting schedules set forth on <u>Exhibit C</u> attached hereto.

3. <u>Effect of Termination of Employment</u>. The treatment of a Participant's Granted Interests upon termination of employment shall be as set forth below:

 (a) if Participant is terminated for Cause or resigns voluntarily, all Granted Interests that have not vested as of the date of termination or resignation shall be automatically forfeited;

(b) if Participant is terminated without Cause or as a result of death or Disability, all Granted Interests shall continue to vest in accordance with Exhibit C.

4. <u>Rights as Holder of Management Profits Interests</u>. The Participant shall be the record owner of the Granted Interests, subject to the vesting provisions set forth herein, unless and until such Granted Interests are forfeited pursuant to Section 3 hereof or transferred in accordance with Section 7 hereof and the LLC Agreement, and as record owner shall be entitled to all rights of a holder of Management Profits Interests of Management LLC as provided in this Agreement, the Plan and the LLC Agreement.

5. <u>Repurchase Upon Change in Control; Appointment of Holders</u> <u>Representative</u>.

(a) The provisions of the Plan regarding the Company's right to repurchase CARET Units upon a Change in Control shall apply to the Granted Interests and underlying CARET Units.

(b) The Participant hereby agrees that if the Participant elects to be a Disputing Holder, as such term is defined in the Plan, with respect a determination by the Company of the Fair Market Value of Granter Interests or CARET Units in connection with a repurchase by the Company of Granted Interests or CARET Units upon a Change in Control, as set forth in the Plan, the Participant hereby irrevocably designates Jay Sugarman as the "Holders Representative" under the Plan, with the full power and authority to exercise the rights and duties of the Holders Representative under the Plan on behalf of the Participant; provided, however, that the foregoing designation shall have no effect if Mr. Sugarman (or his representative) notifies the Participant that Mr. Sugarman is unable or unwilling to serve as the Holders Representative, in which case the Participant, together with the other Disputing Holders, shall select an alternative Holders Representative by action of a majority of the Disputing Holders, as contemplated by the Plan. The Participant hereby agrees that Mr. Sugarman shall have no liability to the Participant for any action or failure to act in his capacity as the Holders Representative.

6. <u>Representations of the Participant</u>. The Participant hereby represents and warrants as follows:

(a) Understanding the Investment Risks of the Granted Interests. The Participant understands that:

- The Granted Interests represent a highly speculative investment, and there can be no assurance as to the success of CARET Issuer in its business;
- ii. The Granted Interests cannot be transferred except in very limited circumstances in accordance with the provisions of the LLC Agreement, and at present, no market for the Granted Interests exists and it is not anticipated that a market for the Granted Interests will develop in the future;
- iii. The Granted Interests may be worthless; and
- iv. Ownership of the Granted Interests may result in taxable income to the Participant without a corresponding cash or in-kind distribution.

(b) Understanding of the Nature of the Granted Interests and CARET Units. The Participant understands and agrees that:

- i. Neither the Granted Interests nor the CARET Units held by Management LLC will be registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Securities Act"), or any applicable state securities laws and, they are being issued in reliance upon certain exemptions contained in the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws, and the representations and warranties of the Participant contained herein are essential to any claim of exemption by CARET Issuer under the Securities Act and such state laws;
- The Granted Interests and CARET Units are "restricted securities" as that term is defined in Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act;
- The Participant may not sell, transfer, assign, pledge or otherwise dispose of or encumber the Granted Interests or CARET Units except as allowed under the provisions of the LLC Agreement and the Plan;
- Only CARET Issuer can register the CARET Units under the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws, but it is not anticipated that the CARET Units will be registered in any event;
- CARET Issuer has not made any representations to the Participant that CARET Issuer will register the CARET Units under the Securities Act or any applicable state securities laws, or any representations with respect to compliance with any exemption therefrom;
- vi. The Participant is aware of the conditions restricting the sale or transfer of the Granted Interests under the LLC Agreement and the CARET Units under the CARET LLC Agreement, the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws;
- vii. CARET Issuer may, from time to time, make "stop transfer" notations in its transfer record to ensure compliance with the Securities Act and any applicable state securities laws, and any additional restrictions imposed by state securities administrators;
- viii. The CARET Units may be tokenized in accordance with the terms of the CARET LLC Agreement, without the consent of Participant;
- ix. At the time and as a condition of delivery of documents evidencing the Granted Interests, the Participant will be deemed to have made all the representations and warranties contained in this Section 6 with respect to such Granted Interests as a condition of the delivery of such Granted Interests by Management LLC.

(c) <u>Noncontravention</u>. The execution and the delivery of this Agreement by the Participant, or the performance of the Participant's obligations under this Agreement, does not violate any constitution, statute, regulation, rule, injunction, judgment, order, decree, ruling, charge or other restriction of any government, governmental agency or court to which the Participant is subject or conflict with, result in a breach of, constitute a default under, result in the acceleration of, create in any party the right to accelerate, terminate, modify or cancel or require any notice under (with or without the giving of notice or the lapse of time) its organizational documents or any agreement, contract, lease, license, instrument or other arrangement to which the Participant is a party or by which it is bound or to which any of its assets is subject.

7. <u>Transferability</u>. The Participant may transfer, directly or indirectly, any Granted Unit only in accordance with the terms set forth in the LLC Agreement and the terms of the Plan. Any purported assignment, transfer or grant by the Participant, directly or indirectly, of any Granted Unit in contravention of the LLC Agreement, the CARET LLC Agreement, the Plan or this Agreement shall be null and void ab initio.

8. <u>Restrictive Covenants</u>

(a) Participant acknowledges and recognizes the highly competitive nature of the businesses of the Company and accordingly agrees, in Participant's capacity as an investor and equity holder in the Company and its Affiliates to the restrictive covenants contained in <u>Exhibit D</u> to this Agreement and incorporated herein by reference. Participant acknowledges and agrees that the Company's remedies at law for an actual or threatened breach of any of the provisions of <u>Exhibit D</u> would be inadequate and the Company would suffer irreparable damages as a result of such breach or threatened breach.

(b) The Participant agrees and hereby acknowledges that (i) the provisions of this Section 8, including <u>Exhibit D</u>, and Section 11 (<u>Confidentiality</u>) of this Agreement do not impose a greater restraint than is necessary to protect the Confidential Information (as defined in Section 11), goodwill or other business interests of the Company and its Affiliates, (ii) such provisions contain reasonable limitations as to time and scope of activity to be restrained, (iii) such provisions are not harmful to the general public, (iv) such provisions are not unduly burdensome to the Participant, and (v) the consideration provided hereunder is sufficient to compensate the Participant for the restrictions contained in such provisions.

(c) The Participant acknowledges that each of the covenants in this Section 8, including <u>Exhibit D</u>, has a unique, very substantial and immeasurable value to the Company and its Affiliates, that the Participant has sufficient assets and skills to provide a livelihood while such covenants remain in force and that, as a result of the foregoing, in the event that the Participant breaches such covenants, monetary damages would be an insufficient remedy for the Company and equitable enforcement of the covenant would be proper. Participant agrees that, in the event of such a breach or threatened breach by Participant and in addition to any remedies at law, the Company, without posting any bond or other security, shall be entitled to cease making any payments or providing any benefit otherwise required by this Agreement and obtain equitable relief in the form of

specific performance, temporary restraining order, temporary or permanent injunction or any other equitable remedy which may then be available, without the necessity of showing actual monetary damages or the posting of a bond or other security. If, notwithstanding this provision, a court finds a bond is required, the parties agree that One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) is adequate for any bond that need be posted.

(d) The Participant and the Company further agree that, in the event that any provision of this Section 8, including <u>Exhibit D</u>, is determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable by reason of its being extended over too great a time, too large a geographic area or too great a range of activities, that provision will be deemed to be modified to permit its enforcement to the maximum extent permitted by law.

(e) The Participant acknowledges and agrees that (i) the Participant has received substantial consideration in connection with the transactions resulting in the Participant receiving the Granted Interests and (ii) the covenants set forth in this Section 8, including Exhibit D, and in Section 11 (Confidentiality) of this Agreement, are necessary for the protection and preservation of the value and the goodwill of the Business and to protect the Company's confidential information or trade secrets and agrees that such covenants are reasonable and valid in geographical and temporal scope and in all other respects.

9 In the event the Board of Directors of the Company Clawback. determines that the Participant has engaged in fraud, willful misconduct or a violation of Company policy that (a) caused or otherwise contributed materially to the need for a material restatement or adjustment of the Company's financial results within two (2) years after the period presented, or (b) caused or otherwise contributed materially to a material negative revision of a financial or operating measure on the basis of which incentive compensation was awarded or paid to such covered executive, the Company's Board of Directors will review the award of Granted Interests pursuant to this Agreement and all other performance-based compensation awarded to or earned by the Participant during fiscal periods materially affected by the restatement or adjustment or negative revision. For this purpose, "performance-based compensation" includes annual cash incentive bonus awards and all forms of equity-based incentive compensation. If the Board of Directors determines that the performance-based compensation would have been materially lower if it had been based on the restated, adjusted or revised results, the Board of Directors may, to the extent permitted by applicable law, require the Participant to forfeit and repay to the Company of any portion of such performance-based compensation as it deems appropriate after a review of all relevant facts and circumstances.

10. Section 83(b) Election. As a condition subsequent to the issuance of the Granted Interests pursuant to this Agreement, the Participant shall execute and deliver to CARET Issuer and the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") no later than the thirty (30) days following the Date of Grant, a valid election under Section 83(b) of the Code (the "83(b) Election"), in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E. The Participant understands that under Section 83 of the Code, regulations promulgated thereunder, and certain IRS administrative announcements in the absence of an effective election under Section 83(b) of the Code, the excess of the fair market value of the Granted Interests on the date on which any forfeiture restrictions applicable to such Granted Interests lapse over the price paid for the Granted Interests (which is \$0) may be

reportable as ordinary income at that time. For this purpose, the term "forfeiture restrictions" means the restrictions on transferability and the vesting conditions imposed under this Agreement. The Participant understands that (a) in making the 83(b) Election, the Participant may be taxed at the time the Granted Interests are acquired hereunder to the extent the fair market value of the Granted Interests exceeds the purchase price for such Granted Interests and (b) in order to be effective, the 83(b) Election must be filed with the IRS within thirty (30) days after the Date of Grant. The Participant hereby acknowledges that (i) the foregoing description of the tax consequences is not intended to be a complete analysis of all possible tax consequences of the Granted Interests and, among other things, does not address state, local or foreign income and other tax consequences or all tax considerations that might be relevant to the Participant in light of his or her circumstances or if he or she is subject to special tax rules, (ii) neither Management LLC nor CARET Issuer has provided, and hereby is not providing, the Participant with legal or tax advice, and has urged the Participant to consult his or her own tax advisor with respect to the taxation consequences of the Granted Interests and (iii) CARET Issuer has not advised the Participant to rely on any determination by it or its representatives as to the fair market value specified in the 83(b) Election and will have no liability to the Participant if the actual fair market value of the Granted Interests on the Date of Grant exceeds the amount specified in the 83(b) Election.

Confidentiality. The Participant acknowledges that, in connection with 11. the Participant's employment, the Participant has acquired or had access to non-public information that the Company treats as proprietary or confidential, including, without limitation, information relating to the Company's business, operations, assets, investments, strategic plans, customers and borrowers ("Confidential Information"). The Participant agrees to maintain the confidentiality of such Confidential Information and not disclose or make such Confidential Information available to any third party, without the prior consent of the Company. This provision shall not apply to information which is or becomes publicly known other than as a result of disclosure by the Participant, or which was or is learned by the Participant from a third party entitled to disclose it, or which the Participant is required to disclose by court order or order of a regulatory authority or by compulsory subpoena. Nothing in this Agreement prohibits Participant from reporting an event that Participant reasonably and in good faith believes is a violation of law to the relevant law-enforcement agency (such as the Securities and Exchange Commission or Department of Labor), requires notice to or approval from the Company before doing so, or prohibits Participant from cooperating in an investigation conducted by such a government agency. This may include a disclosure of trade secret information provided that it must comply with the restrictions in the Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016 ("DTSA"). The DTSA provides that no individual will be held criminally or civilly liable under Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that: (i) is made in confidence to a Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and made solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or, (ii) is made in a complaint or other document if such filing is under seal so that it is not made public. Also, an individual who pursues a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of the law may disclose the trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and does not disclose the trade secret, except as permitted by court order.

12. <u>Becoming a Member of CARET Issuer</u>. As a condition precedent to the issuance of the Granted Interests pursuant to this Agreement, the Participant shall execute and deliver to Management LLC a joinder to the LLC Agreement in the form attached hereto as <u>Exhibit F</u>, together with such other documents as Management LLC may require, evidencing such the Participant's agreement to be admitted as a limited member of Management LLC and to be bound by and to adhere to the terms of the LLC Agreement.

13. <u>LLC Agreement</u>. Neither the adoption of the Plan nor the grant of the Granted Interests shall restrict in any way the adoption of any amendment to the LLC Agreement.

14. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice necessary under this Agreement shall be addressed to Management LLC at its principal executive office and to the Participant at the address appearing in the personnel records of Management LLC (or one of its Affiliates) for the Participant or to either party at such other address as either party hereto may hereafter designate in writing to the other. Any such notice shall be deemed effective upon receipt thereof by the addresse.

15. <u>Incorporation of the Plan and LLC Agreement</u>. By entering into this Agreement, the Participant agrees and acknowledges that (a) the Participant has received and read a copy of the Plan and the LLC Agreement and (b) the Granted Interests are subject to the Plan and the LLC Agreement, the terms and provisions of which Plan and LLC Agreement are hereby incorporated herein by reference. In the event of a conflict between any term or provisions of the Plan will govern and prevail. In the event of a conflict between any term or provision contained herein or the Plan and a term or provision of the LLC Agreement, the applicable terms and provision of the LLC Agreement, the applicable terms and prevail.

16. <u>Certain Specific Acknowledgements</u>. Without limiting the provisions of Section 13, the Participant acknowledges that the Granted Interests are subject to the Plan and LLC Agreement provisions under which (a) in certain circumstances, an adjustment may be made to the number of Granted Interests, and (b) the Company, the Partnership and CARET Management have full discretion to interpret and administer the Plan, the LLC Agreement and this Agreement, and its judgments are final, conclusive and binding.

17. <u>No Right to Continued Service</u>. Neither the Plan nor this Agreement shall be construed as giving the Participant the right to be retained in the employ of, or in any other continuing relationship with, CARET Issuer, the Manager or any of their respective Affiliates.

18. <u>Tax Withholding</u>. The Participant shall be required to pay to Management LLC or the applicable Affiliate, and Management LLC and its Affiliates shall have the right and are hereby authorized to withhold from any payment due or transfer made under this Agreement, under the Plan or from any other amount owing to a Participant (including in connection with any transfers), the amount (in cash, securities or other property) of any applicable Federal, state, local or foreign withholding taxes in respect of an Granted Unit, or any payment or transfer under this Agreement or the Plan. Management LLC and its Affiliates shall have the right and are hereby authorized to take such other action as may be necessary in the opinion of the Management LLC to satisfy all obligations for the payment of such withholding taxes.

Management LLC acknowledges that, absent a change in applicable law, the Participant intends to value the Granted Interests using the "liquidation value" of such Granted Interests, and that consistent with the intention of the Granted Interests to constitute a "profits interest," the Participant intends the value of the Granted Interests to be \$0 upon grant. Management LLC and its Affiliates agree to withhold taxes in a manner consistent with this treatment unless otherwise required by applicable Law.

19. <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is, becomes or is deemed to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction or as to any Person or the Granted Interests, or would disqualify the Granted Interests under any law deemed applicable by Management LLC, such provision shall be construed or deemed amended to conform to the applicable Laws, or if it cannot be construed or deemed amended without, in the determination of Management LLC, materially altering the intent of this Agreement, such provision shall be stricken as to such jurisdiction, Person or the Granted Interests and the remainder of this Agreement and the Granted Interests shall remain in full force and effect.

20. Governing Law; Disputes.

(a) The validity, construction and effect of this Agreement and any rules and regulations relating to the Plan and this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the state of New York applicable to agreements made and to be performed entirely within such jurisdiction

Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, each Participant (as a (b) condition of participation in the Plan and receipt of Granted Interests) and Management LLC each hereby irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (or, if subject matter jurisdiction in that court is not available, in any state court located within the Borough of Manhattan, New York) over any dispute arising out of or relating to the Plan and this Agreement. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Section 20(b) the Participant and CARET Issuer each undertake not to commence any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Plan and this Agreement in a forum other than a forum described in this Section 20(b); provided, however, that nothing herein shall preclude Management LLC from bringing any suit, action or proceeding in any other court for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this Section 20(b) or enforcing any judgment obtained by Management LLC. The agreement to the forum described in Section 20(b) above is independent of the law that may be applied in any suit, action, or proceeding and the Participant and Management LLC each agree to such forum even if such forum may under applicable law choose to apply non-forum law. The Participant and Management LLC each hereby waive, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any objection which they now or hereafter have to personal jurisdiction or to the laying of venue of any such suit, action or proceeding brought in an applicable court described in Section 20(b) above, and agree that they shall not attempt to deny or defeat such personal jurisdiction by motion or other request for leave from any such court. The Participant and Management LLC each agree that, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, a final and non-appealable judgment in any suit, action or proceeding brought in any

applicable court described in Section 20(b) above shall be conclusive and binding upon the parties and may be enforced in any other jurisdiction. The Participant and Management LLC each hereby waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any right it may have to a trial by jury in respect of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to the Plan and this Agreement.

21. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the Company, its successors and assigns, and any person acquiring, whether by merger, consolidation, purchase of assets or otherwise, all or substantially all of the Company's assets and business. This Agreement, including the restrictions on Participant's activities set forth herein, also apply to any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, successor and assign of the Company to which Participant provides services or about which Participant receives Confidential Information. The Company shall have the right to assign this Agreement at its sole election without the need for further notice to or consent by Participant.

22. <u>Survival, All Duties Preserved.</u> Nothing in this Agreement limits or reduces any common law or statutory duty the Participant owes to the Company, nor does this Agreement limit or eliminate any remedies available to the Company for a violation of such duties. This Agreement will survive the expiration or termination of Participant's employment with the Company and/or any assignee hereunder and shall, likewise, continue to apply and be valid notwithstanding any change in the Participant's duties, responsibilities, position, or title.

23. <u>Signature in Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be an original, with the same effect as if the signatures thereto and hereto were upon the same instrument.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank; Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement on the date first written above.

CARET Ventures LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: _____

CARET Management Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: _____

Safehold Operating Partnership LP, a Delaware limited partnership

By: _____

Safehold Inc., a Maryland corporation

Ву:_____

Participant:

«Name»

List of Exhibits

Exhibit A - CARET Performance Incentive Plan

Exhibit B - Limited Liability Company Agreement of CARET Management Holdings LLC dated as of August 16, 2018

Exhibit C – Vesting of the Granted Interests

Exhibit D - Restrictive Covenants

Exhibit E - 83(b) Election For

I, Jay Sugarman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Safehold Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 26, 2019

By: /s/ JAY SUGARMAN

Name:Jay SugarmanTitle:Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Marcos Alvarado, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Safehold Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

Bv:

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 26, 2019

/s/ MARCOS ALVARADO

Name: Marcos Alvarado Title: President and Chief

President and Chief Investment Officer (principal financial officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer of Safehold Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies on the date hereof, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 (the "Form 10-Q"), filed concurrently herewith by the Company, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 26, 2019

By: /s/ JAY SUGARMAN

Name:Jay SugarmanTitle:Chief Executive Officer

Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The undersigned, the principal financial officer of Safehold Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies on the date hereof, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 (the "Form 10-Q"), filed concurrently herewith by the Company, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: July 26, 2019

By: /s/ MARCOS ALVARADO

Marcos Alvarado

Name: Title:

President and Chief Investment Officer (principal financial officer)